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D.K.



January 26, 1988

California Regional Water
Quality Control Board
Los Angeles Region
107 S. Broadway, Suite 4027
Los Angeles, CA 90012-4596

Attention: Mr. Dainis Kleinbergs

Subject: Site Assessment Report - 2835 N. Naomi Street,
Burbank, CA

Dear Mr. Kleinbergs:

In accordance with the June 17, 1987 California Regional Water Quality Control Board Guidelines for Site Assessment Plans, Ocean Technology, Inc. is submitting the enclosed Hydrogeologic Site Investigation Report. The report was prepared by our environmental engineering consultant firm, Brown and Caldwell, and includes a summary of the site's history, geology, hydrogeology, and laboratory analyses of soil samples taken during their investigation.

The report also describes Brown and Caldwell's conclusion and recommendation for remedial action at the tank site. Upon a thorough review of the subject report with our consultant, we believe there is sufficient evidence that indicates vertical migration of the compounds have not reached groundwater. Consequently, we propose to proceed with the following remedial action:

- a. Excavate the "hot spot" soils immediately beneath the excavation site (estimated at 80 cubic yards (yd³) maximum). Backfill the excavated area with high clay content fill and cover with a concrete slab to cap the site. This will create an impermeable barrier to minimize future infiltration and leaking of the chemical constituents from the soils.
- b. Install a vadose zone monitoring well in the center of the former excavation to monitor vapor levels.

Presently, the excavation has been covered over with asphalt to minimize the possibility of surface water migration.

Letter to Mr. Kleinbergs
January 26, 1988
Page Two

We appreciate your cooperation and understanding on this project. Upon receipt of approval for the remedial action proposed, we will immediately proceed with its implementation. Should you have any questions or comments on this report, we would be pleased to meet with you at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

OCEAN TECHNOLOGY, INC.



E. Palic
Plant Engineer

EP:sv

Enclosure

cc: J. S. Medeiros



OCEAN TECHNOLOGY, INC.

OCEAN TECHNOLOGY, INC.

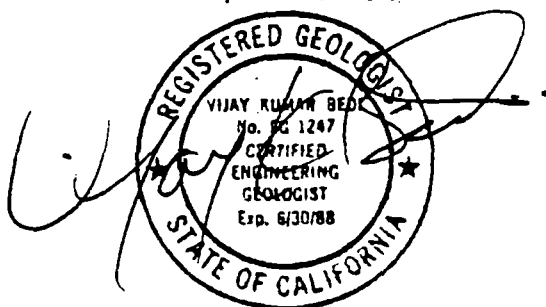
Burbank, California

HYDROGEOLOGIC SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

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January 1988

Prepared Under the
Supervision of:



Vijay Bedi
Chief Engineer

SITE
ASSESSMENT
REPORT



Brown and Caldwell
Consulting Engineers

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HYDROGEOLOGIC SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

OCEAN TECHNOLOGY, INC., BURBANK, CALIFORNIA

In accordance with the request of Ocean Technology Inc. (OTI), Brown and Caldwell (BC) has performed a site investigation at the OTI facility located at 2835 North Naomi Street, Burbank, California (Figure 1). The contents of this report include site background, site investigation objectives, geology and hydrogeology, field investigation, laboratory analyses and results, and related conclusions and recommendations.

Site Background

The project location is presented in Figure 2. A former 550-gallon underground storage tank was located near a storm drain between the Maintenance Building and Building Number 1, south of the parking area. Previous investigations were performed at the site by Gregg and Associates, Inc. (GA), Harding Lawson Associates (HLA), and CH2M Hill. According to the November 24, 1986 HLA report, between 1965 and 1977, the tank was used to store machine cutting oils. According to an OTI departmental correspondence, included in the HLA report, the underground tank was used to store spent 1,1,1, trichloroethane (TCA) and isopropyl alcohol (IPA) between the years of 1977 and 1985. In March of 1985, the tank was reportedly emptied of the spent solvents and sealed by the Oil Process Company.

During an attempted tank excavation project in September 1985, the tank was punctured during excavation. Reportedly, there was no liquid in the tank at the time, and no liquid discharge occurred from the tank subsequent to the puncture. The Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) representative at the site ordered the tank to be left in the ground and covered over with soil. In addition, an investigation for possible past leakage from the underground tank was ordered by the RWQCB. Since that time, OTI has contracted with three consulting firms to conduct site investigations. Figure 3 presents the locations of borings advanced by the previous three consultants, as well as the borings advanced by Brown and Caldwell for this site investigation.

In October 1985, GA drilled two borings (OTI B-1, OTI B-2) to a depth of 40 feet. Soil samples were analyzed for TCA using USEPA Test Method 8010. TCA levels in the B-2 boring were found to exceed the detection limit.

In February 1986, CH2M Hill advanced one boring (B-3) to a depth of 82 feet. The 30-foot interval soil sample was analyzed using USEPA Test Method 8010. The results of analyses indicated concentrations of acetone, oil and grease and isopropyl alcohol above

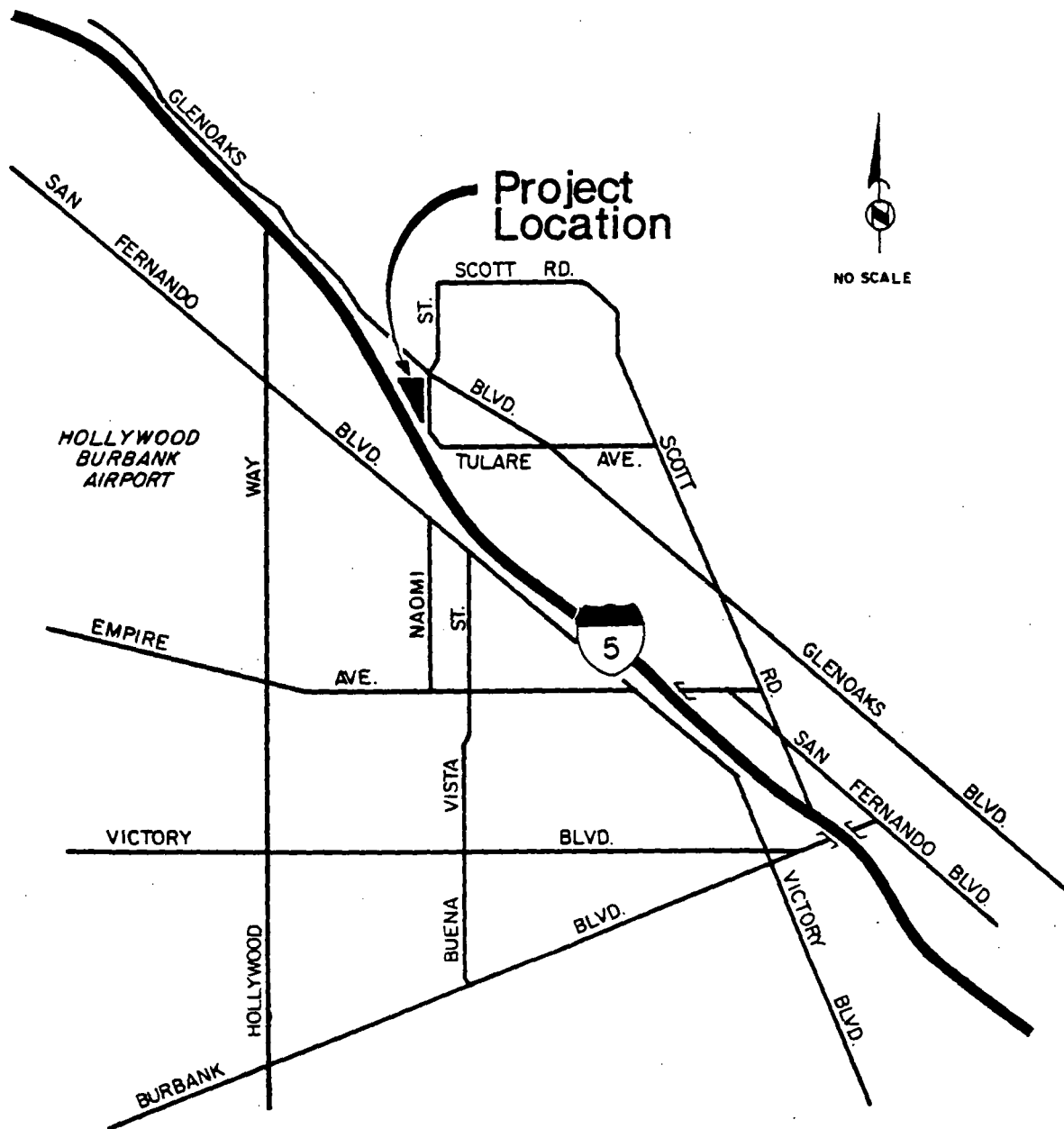


Figure 1 Vicinity Map

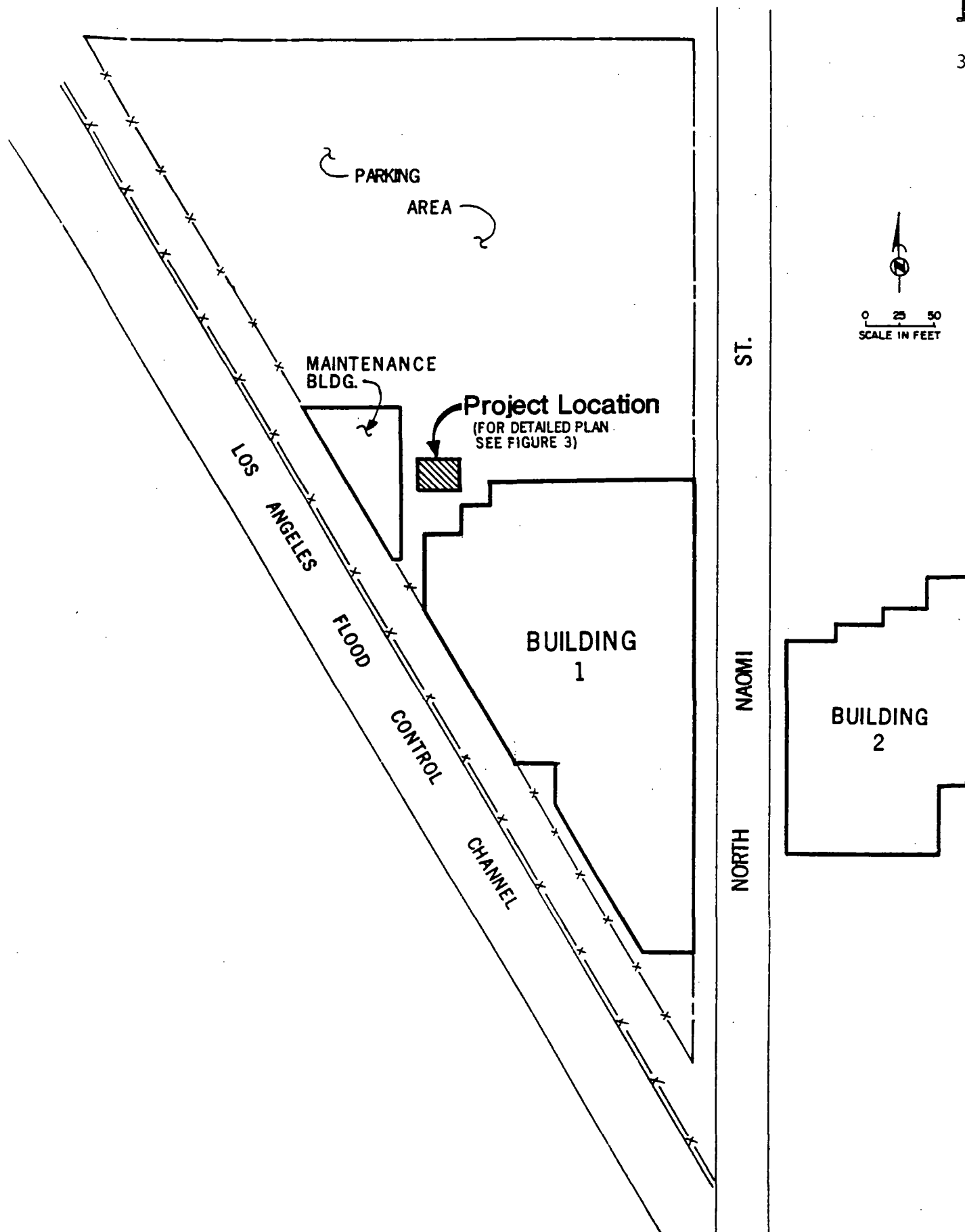


Figure 2 Facility Plan and Project Location

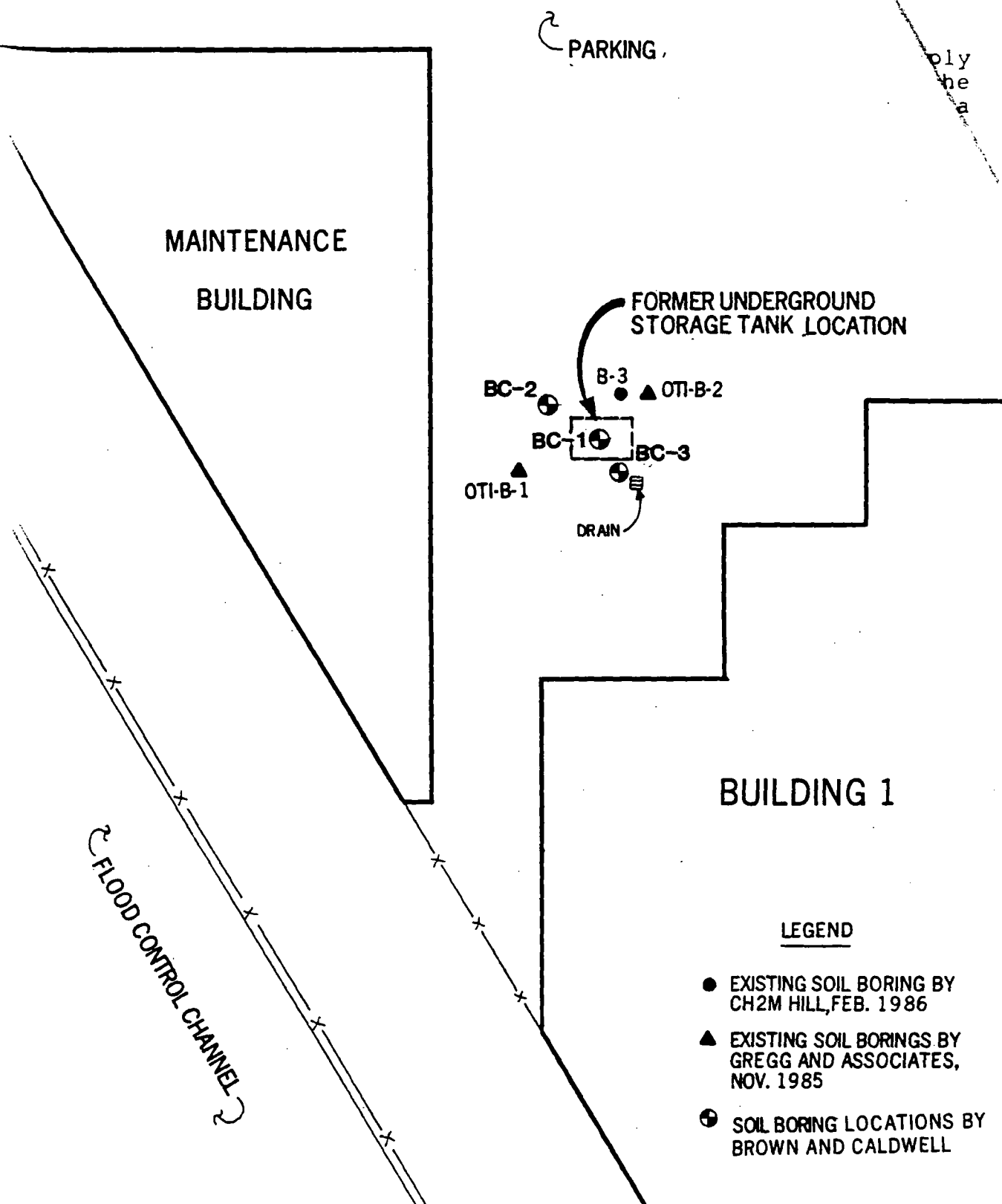


Figure 3 Former Underground Storage Tank Location and Soil Boring Locations

detection limits. The soil samples taken at intervals were analyzed using USEPA Method 8240 and did not indicate detectable levels of TCA, IPA or

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In May 1986, HLA was hired to develop a further site investigation. In September 1986, by Crosby and Overton, and HLA took two soil samples below the tank excavation hole. Both soil samples were analyzed using USEPA Test Method 8240. The results indicated undifferentiated C-3 chlorinated (non-priority pollutants) compounds at concentrations above detection limits in both samples. The results of the previous soil analyses are provided in Appendix A. Table 1 presents a general summary of the previous soil sampling locations and results.

Table 1. Summary of Consultant Soil Analysis at OTI Burbank

Consultant	Approx. date	Boring No.	Depths soil samples, feet	Analytical results, mg/kg	Chemical Constituents	Analysis Method
Gregg & Assoc.	10/85	OTI B-1	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40 (composite)	.007	TCA	8010 for TCA
		OTI B-2	5	6.200	TCA	
			10	12.000	TCA	
			15	.130	TCA	
			20	.150	TCA	
			30	520.000	TCA	
			40	.150	TCA	
CH2M Hill IPA	2/86	B-3	30	140	acetone	8010 - TCA,
				140	IPA	acetone, oil
				170	oil and grease	and grease
			50	ND		oil, grease
			70	ND		and 8240
HLA	5/86 & 12/86 reports	S-1	below tank	5	TCA	8240
				8	C-3	
		S-2	below tank	6	TCA	
				10	C-3	

ND = None Detected

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

In the latest regulatory actions, OTI was requested to comply with the State of California AB 1803 site inspection program by the RWQCB. On September 8, 1987, BC submitted a work plan to conduct a site investigation at the OTI Burbank site.

Site Investigation Objectives

The site investigation objectives were to:

1. Determine the lateral and vertical extent of soil contamination.
2. Determine the existence and lateral extent of groundwater contamination, if groundwater was encountered.
3. Define the site specific and regional geology and hydrogeology, and determine soil properties which could affect contaminant mobility in the vadose zone.
4. Provide information on surrounding wells within 1/2-mile of the site.
5. Determine if further investigation or remedial action is necessary.

Regional Geology and Hydrogeology

The OTI Burbank facility is located on the water bearing unit called the San Fernando Valley Basin which is part of the South Coast Basin. The San Fernando Valley Basin is bounded on the east by the Verdugo Mountains and San Rafael Hills, on the north by the San Gabriel Mountains, on the west by the Santa Susana Mountains and Simi Hills, and on the south by the Santa Monica Mountains. A map of the San Fernando Valley Basin is presented in Figure 4. (Upper Los Angeles River Area, Watermaster Service, May 1986.)

The San Fernando Valley Basin Quaternary age sedimentary deposits, principally alluvial by origin, are derived of granitic basement complex eroded from the surrounding mountains and hills. The deposits are characterized by coarse crystalline sediments and comprised of, in descending order, Recent Alluvium, Older Alluvium and the Saugus Formation. The primary water bearing zones include the Older Alluvium and the Saugus Formation. Figure 5 presents a cross section with the site location projected on it.

The Recent Alluvium (Qal) is composed of coarse sediments in thick accumulations of boulders, gravel and sand and has been found up to 100 feet in thickness. The late Pliestocene age Older Alluvium (Qtc), which is apparently difficult to distinguish from the below lying Saugus Formation, is derived from stream deposits and is

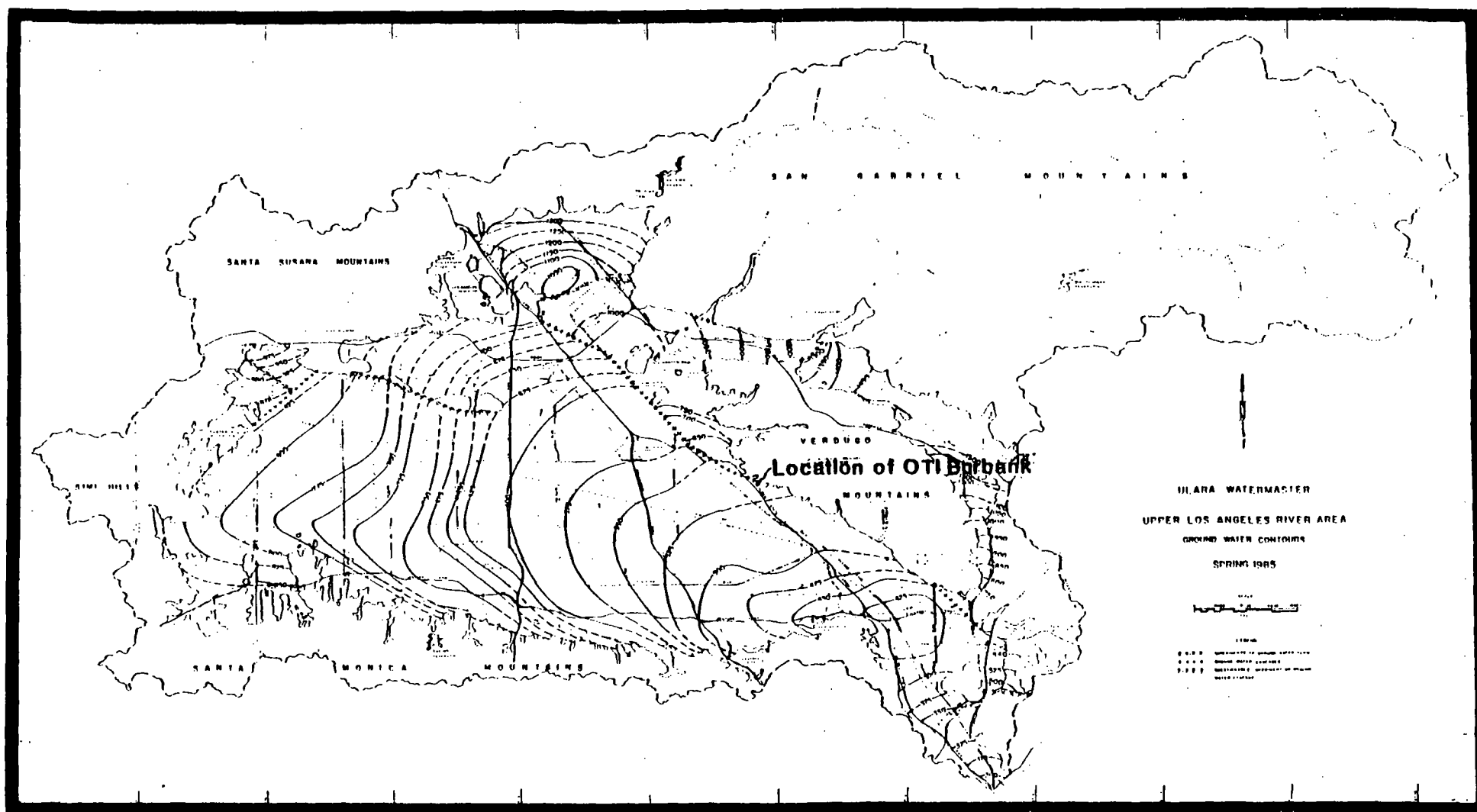


Figure 4 San Fernando Valley Basin Map

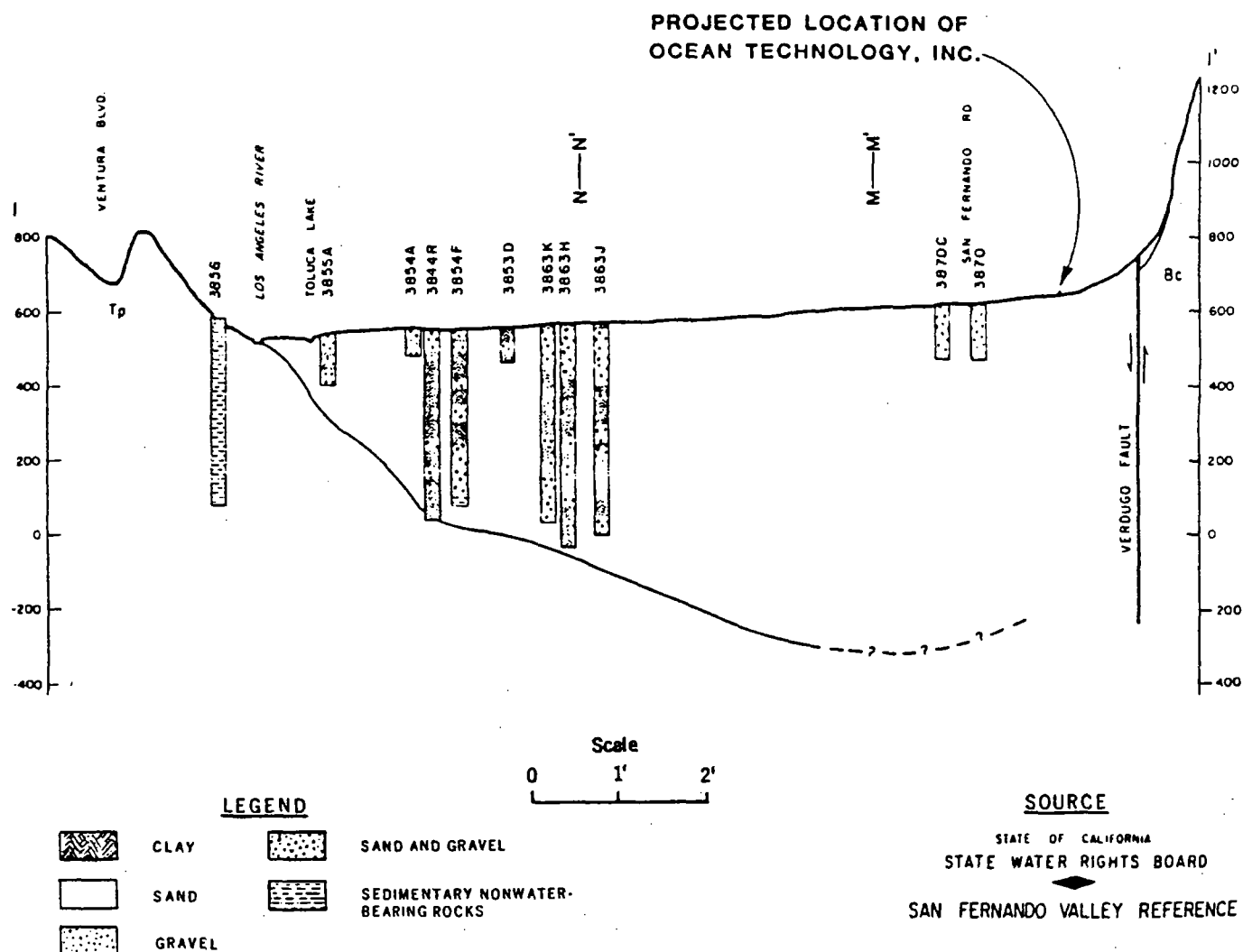


FIGURE 5 GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION

composed of brown to grayish, well graded, angular to subangular gravels. Weathering episodes have produced layers and lenses of clay. The Older Alluvium has been found up to 2,000 feet in thickness. (Division of Mines and Geology, Bulletin 194-196; 1970-1975).

The San Fernando Valley Basin groundwater is primarily recharged by rain water runoff from surrounding mountains and hills, and surface water bodies such as the Los Angeles River and Aqueduct. According to the Watermaster Service the eastern portion of the basin, where the facility is located, contains approximately 2/3 of the groundwater storage capacity. Consequently the majority of groundwater extraction wells are located in the eastern side of the basin. The City of Burbank is the primary owner of extraction wells in the vicinity of the site.

Extraction Wells Surrounding OTI

Figure 6 presents the locations of three City of Burbank extraction wells in the vicinity of the site. Information about these wells was obtained through records on file with the Los Angeles County Department of Public Water Works. Appendix B includes the well reports and logs, and a groundwater quality report which was only available for Well No. 3882T. The ground water depth measured on April 27, 1987 for Well No. 4969B (closest well to the site) was 170 feet from the surface. Water level test wells located within a one-half mile radius of the site have either been destroyed, or there are no groundwater level records dated after 1960.

The following summarizes the subsurface geology documented in the geologic logs for the three extraction wells. For Well No. 4969B, the geology generally consisted of clayey sand and gravel beds. The less permeable sandy clay beds were encountered between 60-70 and 152-160 feet below the surface. The casing is perforated between 230-240 feet and since the groundwater level is 170 feet this implies a possible confined aquifer.

In Well No. 3882T, the geology consisted of predominately yellow clay with interbedded sand and gravel deposits. A 15-foot thick yellow clay layer appeared between 36 and 51 feet below the surface.

In Well No. 3850 J, the subsurface geology consisted of predominantly sand and gravel mixtures down to 278 feet followed by a generally uninterrupted 200-foot bed of yellow clay between 385 and 525 feet below the surface.

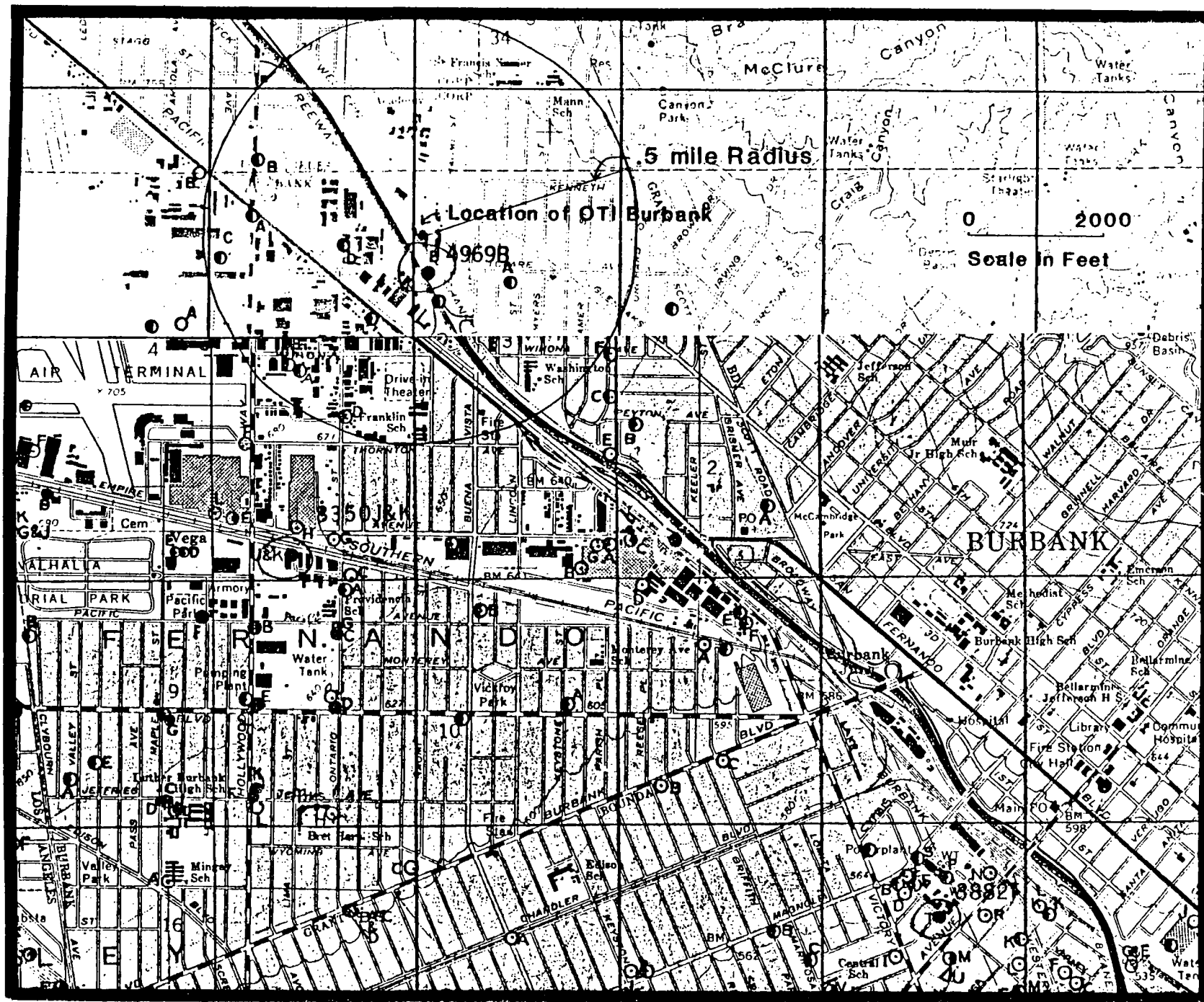


Figure 6 Map of Extraction Wells

Field Investigation

On October 26 and 27, 1987, BC drilled three Soil Borings (BC-1, BC-2 and BC-3). Boring BC-1 was placed directly in the center of the excavation where the tank was located. This was on the assumption that leakage would primarily migrate vertically, as according to past boring logs, the soils in the vicinity of the tank are relatively permeable. BC-2 was placed to evaluate the extent of contamination northwest of the tank, and BC-3 was placed to evaluate the soil southeast of the tank. The work plan specified that BC was to drill to a depth of 60 feet or 10 feet below detectable contamination in order to adequately evaluate the vertical extent of the contamination. Due to the presence of large and dense gravelly material in the boring path, the drill bit was unable to advance below the detectable contamination level (based on vapor analysis performed with an Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA)). In BC-1 and BC-3, a depth of 75 feet below the surface was reached, and in BC-2 a depth of 85 feet below surface was reached.

The soil borings were drilled with a Mobile B-61 drill rig equipped with 8-inch and 10-inch diameter continuous flight hollow-stem augers. Prior to drilling each boring, the hollow-stem augers and all down-hole equipment were steam-cleaned to prevent cross contamination between borings. All soil cuttings generated by the drilling operations were collected in drums that were labeled with the boring number and depth and then stored on-site.

Soil samples were collected at 5-foot intervals using a modified California sampler. The sampler was driven 18 inches below the bottom of the auger bit using a 140-pound hammer dropped 30 inches. The sampler contained three 2-inch diameter, 6-inch long brass tubes for collection of soil samples. Prior to collection of each soil sample, the sampler and brass tubes were cleaned with alkonox detergent and rinsed in clean water to prevent cross contamination between samples.

The lower most sample in the sampler was covered on each end with teflon sheets, capped with plastic end caps and sealed with electrical tape, then placed on ice in an ice chest to minimize loss of volatiles. The ice melt water was frequently drained and the ice chest water plug was left open for continuous drainage.

The middle brass tube of each sample interval was monitored for organic vapors by first discarding the upper 1-inch of the sample and subsequently capping both ends with plastic caps. One cap had a slit at the top to allow a reading to be taken in the air space between the cap and the soil. The reading was taken with a small diameter probe of a Century OVA, Model OVA 128. The maximum organic vapor concentration detected was then recorded on the boring logs.

The middle and upper most soil sample was described by the field hydrogeologist using the Unified Soils Classification System (USCS) on standard boring logs. The boring logs are presented in Appendix C of this report.

Sample identification and chain-of-custody procedures were utilized for all samples collected during the field investigation to ensure sample integrity and to document sample possession from the time of collection to its ultimate disposal. Each sample container submitted for analysis had a label affixed to identify the sample by including date, time of collection, and sample number unique to the sample. In addition a description of the sample, any field measurements made, the sampling methodology, names of on-site personnel, and any other pertinent field observations were recorded on the boring log or in field records prepared for each boring drilled at the site. All samples were kept refrigerated and transported directly to Brown and Caldwell's Pasadena laboratory at the end of the work day. The chain-of-custody forms and Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QA/QC) forms for each sample are presented in Appendix D. Groundwater was not encountered in any of the borings and, therefore, groundwater samples were not collected.

Site Geology and Hydrogeology

The boring logs are presented in Appendix C. The subsurface soils encountered during drilling consisted of fine to coarse grained and coarse grained sands and gravels. There were traces of clay and silt mixed with the sand and gravel. Generally the soils were dense and would be relatively permeable to groundwater transmittal.

According to an upper Los Angeles area Watermaster map, the groundwater elevation in the vicinity of the site is approximately 525 feet above mean sea level and the flow direction is generally southernly. Figure 4 includes the Watermaster ground water contour map. The ground elevation at the facility was approximated at 690 feet using a USGS topographical map. The estimated depth to ground water at the site is therefore approximately 165 feet from the ground surface.

Laboratory Analysis

It was agreed by the RWQCB and OTI representatives that all soil samples collected at 5-foot intervals would be analyzed. The soil samples were analyzed using USEPA Test Method 8240 for purgeable organics and expanded to include acetone. The detection limit was agreed upon as close to 5 to 10 parts per billion (ppb) as could be obtained analytically. In addition, USEPA Test Method 418.1 for total petroleum hydrocarbons was used for soil samples from Boring No. BC-1.

Table 2. Contaminants Found in BC-1 Soil Samples
(ug/kg)

Sample depth (ft)	Fuel hydro- carbon	1,1,1 TCA	Acetone	1,2 Dichloro- ethane	Tetra- chloro- ethylene	Methylene chloride	Toluene	C4 Chlora- nated hydro- carbon	Dichloro- propanoyl chloride	Dioxane	Freon 113	Total 9 other organics	Total organics (not 1,1 TCA or hydrocarbons)	Total organics w/o Freon*
5	1,000	120	100	<5	5	<5	150	---	400	---	---	70	725	725
10	870	210	50	<5	70	<5	210	300	1,000	---	---	<	1,630	1,630
15	1,100	100	80	<5	30	<5	87	700	3,000	---	---	<	3,897	3,897
20	<5	<5	<50	<5	<5	13	<5	---	---	200	800	<	1,013	213
25	113	200	<250	<25	200	<25	540	300	3,000	---	---	<	4,040	4,040
30	2,100	59	<500	<50	550	<50	79	3,000	20,000	500	---	<	24,129	24,129
35	59	160	300	<5	19	11	9	---	200	1,000	---	62	1,601	1,539
40	13	30	80	<5	<5	5	31	---	---	500	---	0	616	616
45	20	11	<50	<5	<5	<5	8	---	---	300	---	500	808	808
50	22	8	700	<5	<5	<5	5	---	---	600	40	70	1,415	1,375
55	<5	5	<50	<5	<5	<5	12	---	---	200	---	5	217	212
60	<5	8	<50	6	<5	<5	18	---	---	100	---	86	210	210
65	<5	27	<50	15	<5	6	<5	---	---	50	---	58	129	129
70	<5	22	<50	7	<5	<5	30	---	---	---	---	6	43	43

< - less than laboratory detection limit
 --- - not found
 ug/kg - micrograms per kilogram
 * - see laboratory letter in Appendix D

Table 3. Contaminants Found in BC-2 Soil Samples
(ug/kg)

Sample depth (ft)	1,1,1 TCA	Acetone	1,1-DCE 1,1 Dichloro- ethylene	1,2-DCE 1,2 Dichloro- ethylene	Methylene chloride	Toluene	Dioxane	Freon 113	Total 6 other organics	Total organics (not 1,1,1 TCA)	Total organics w/o Freon*
5	8	<50	<5	<5	<5	86	---	70	<	156	86
10	<5	<50	<5	<5	<5	18	---	100	<	118	18
15	<5	<50	<5	<5	<5	44	---	---	<	44	44
20	<5	<50	<5	<5	<5	9	60	70	<	139	69
25	<5	<50	<5	<5	<5	22	100	100	<	222	122
30	13	<50	<5	<5	<5	65	400	---	<	465	465
35	15	<50	<5	<5	8	<5	700	---	12	730	730
40	<5	70	<5	<5	25	6	300	100	<	501	401
45	<33	<50	<5	<5	12	<5	100	---	10	122	122
50	9	<50	<5	<5	9	18	100	---	5	132	132
55	52	<50	<5	<5	<5	46	---	---	6	52	52
60	23	<50	<5	<5	8	14	200	---	13	235	235
65	21	<50	<5	9	<5	<5	---	---	<	9	9
70	130	<50	15	35	<5	<5	---	---	17	67	67
75	83	70	37	<5	<5	6	---	---	89	202	202
85	<5	<50	<5	<5	13	<5	---	100	<	113	13

< - less than laboratory detection limit
 --- - not found
 ug/kg - micrograms per kilogram
 * - see laboratory letter in Appendix D

Table 4. Contaminants Found in BC-3 Soil Samples
(ug/kg)

Sample depth (ft)	1,1,1 TCA	Acetone	Methylene chloride	Tetra-chloro-ethylene	Toluene	Dichloro-propanyl chloride	Dioxane	Freon 113	Methyl butynol	Total organics (not 1,1,1 TCA)	Total organics w/o Freon*
5	95	---	12	14	71	300	---	---	---	397	397
10	21	100	10	5	96	400	70	90	---	771	681
15	<5	100	12	<5	<5	---	80	100	---	292	192
20	<5	100	12	<5	<5	---	600	200	---	912	712
25	6	100	12	<5	<5	---	700	500	---	1,312	812
30	21	200	17	<5	<5	---	600	100	---	917	817
35	53	300	20	<5	<5	---	800	90	200	1,410	1,320
40	<5	200	13	<5	<5	---	300	100	100	713	613
45	<5	100	8	<5	<5	---	100	---	60	268	268
50	11	100	12	<5	<5	---	400	60	60	632	572
55	7	200	10	<5	<5	---	900	200	---	1,310	1,110
60	11	600	10	<5	<5	---	60	200	200	1,070	870
65	12	900	11	<5	<5	---	---	200	---	1,111	911
70	13	60	11	<5	<5	---	---	70	---	141	71
75	<5	100	8	<5	<5	---	---	---	---	108	108

--- - not found
 < - less than laboratory detection limit
 ug/kg - micrograms per kilogram
 * - see laboratory letter in Appendix D

Table 5. Previous Contaminants found in Soil Samples

Gregg & Associates

OTI B-1 (ug/kg), ppb

Sample depth (ft)	1,1,1 TCA
5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40	.7
composite	
OTI B-2	
5	6,200
10	12,000
15	130
20	130
30	520,000
40	150

Table 6. Previous Contaminants found in Soil Samples

CH2M Hill

B-3 (Mg/kg) ppm

Sample depth (ft)	Oil & grease	Isopropyl alcohol	Acetone	Other total organics
30	170	140	140	<3
50	<10	<.3	<.3	<.3
70	<10	<.3	<.3	<.3

Table 7. Previous Contaminants found in Soil Samples

Harding Lawson Associates

(Mg/kg) ppm

Sample depth (ft)	1,1,1 TCA	C3 chlorinated compound	Isopropyl alcohol	Other total organics
S-1				
Below tank	5	8	<.3	<.3
S-2				
Below tank	6	10	<6	<.3

mg/kg - millograms per kilograms, parts per million

ug/kg - micrograms per kilogram, parts per billion

< - less than laboratory detection limit

Table 8. Chemical Uses

<u>Chemical Constituent</u>	<u>Common Usage</u>
Benzene:	Solvent for fats, paints, plastics, inks, oils, etc. Ingredient in motor fuels.
1,1 Dichloroethane 1,1-DCA	Used as a solvent and cleaning/degreasing agent.
1,2 Dichloroethane 1,2-DCA DCE?	(Ethylene Dichloride). Solvent for resins, asphalt, bitumen, rubber, cellulose acetate, cellulose ester and paint. Found in varnishes and is an anti-knocking additive.
Dichloropropanals	Solvent for hard resins and nitrocellulose. Used in manufacturing of photographic chemicals and laquer. Used as a cement for celluloid and a binder for water colors.
Dioxane	Solvent for cellulose acetate, dyes, fats, greases, lacquers, mineral oil, paints polyvinyl polymers, resins, varnishes and waxes. Also a melting and dispersing agent commonly found as a contaminant of 1,1,1 TCA.
Freon	Used as aerosol propellant and refrigerant.
Methylene Chloride	Principally used as a low temperature extractant of substance which are adversely affected by high temperatures. Can be used as a solvent for fats, waxes, bitumen, cellulose acetate and esters. Also used as a paint remover and degreaser.
Methyl Ethel Ketone	Solvent in nitro-cellulose coating and vinyl film manufacturing. Used in cements and adhesives and in the dewaxing of lubricating oils.
Tetrachloroethylene	Solvent mainly used as a dry cleaning agent, degreaser and chemical intermediate.
Toluene	Solvent for paints and coatings and as component in auto and aviation fuels.
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	Chemical intermediate and solvent less common than 1,1,1 TCA.
1,1,2,2 Trichloroethane	Used in dry cleaning agent, fumigant, cement and lacquer. Once was used as solvent.
Trichloroflouromethane	Refrigerant aerosal propellant and foaming agent.

Tables 2 through 4 present a summary of the contaminants found in the BC soil samples. Tables 5 through 7 present a summary of the contaminants found in previous soil samples. A complete listing of all the analytical results collected during boring drilling by BC are presented in Appendix D. A listing of previous analytical results (performed by other consultants) are presented in Appendix A. Table 8 presents the common usages for some of the chemical contaminants found in the soil samples.

Results

Soil samples for all three BC borings indicate a wide variety of organics that are commonly used as solvents. Isopropyl alcohol was not found in the soil samples or found as impurities in the solvents. Overall Boring BC-1, which is located directly through soils below the former tank indicated highest TCA and Organic concentrations. Boring BC-1 soil samples (Table 2) indicate concentrations for Dichloropropanyl chloride, (200-20,000 ppb) C4 Chlorinated hydrocarbons (300-3,000) and Dioxane (50-1,000 ppb) in samples from 20 to 65 feet. 1,1,1 TCA and toluene were also found at detectable levels throughout BC-1. The highest 1,1,1 TCA concentration reached 210 ppb at 10 feet, and decreased to 22 ppb at the bottom of the boring (70 feet). At the bottom of the boring, total organics had decreased by almost two orders of magnitude from the maximum concentration of greater than 24,000 ppb present at 30 feet.

In BC-2 samples (Table 3), the concentrations of Dioxane are again high (60-700 ppb) in samples between 20 and 60 feet. 1,1,1 TCA concentrations are highest at 55 to 70 feet, but is less than detectable in the 85-foot sample (bottom of the boring). Generally, total organic concentrations are highest between 15 feet and 40 feet and were found at less than 200 ppb in the 85-foot sample. (13 ug/kg at 85 feet, if freon is discounted - see note below).

In BC-3 soil samples (Table 4) Dioxane is in the 60-900 ppb range at 20 to 60 feet, and becomes less than detectable below 60 feet. Acetone concentrations are above 100 ppb throughout the boring. Methylene chloride concentrations do not exceed 20 ppb but are present throughout. 1,1,1 TCA concentrations do not exceed 100 ppb and are found at low concentrations intermittent with non-detectable zones. Total organics are highest at depths of less than 70 feet. The 70- and 75-foot samples (last two taken in the boring) are over an order magnitude less than the highest concentrations found at the shallower depths in the boring.

NOTE:

The laboratory has indicated that the freon present in the samples may be a result of contamination from laboratory sample preparation. A letter from the laboratory explaining this has been

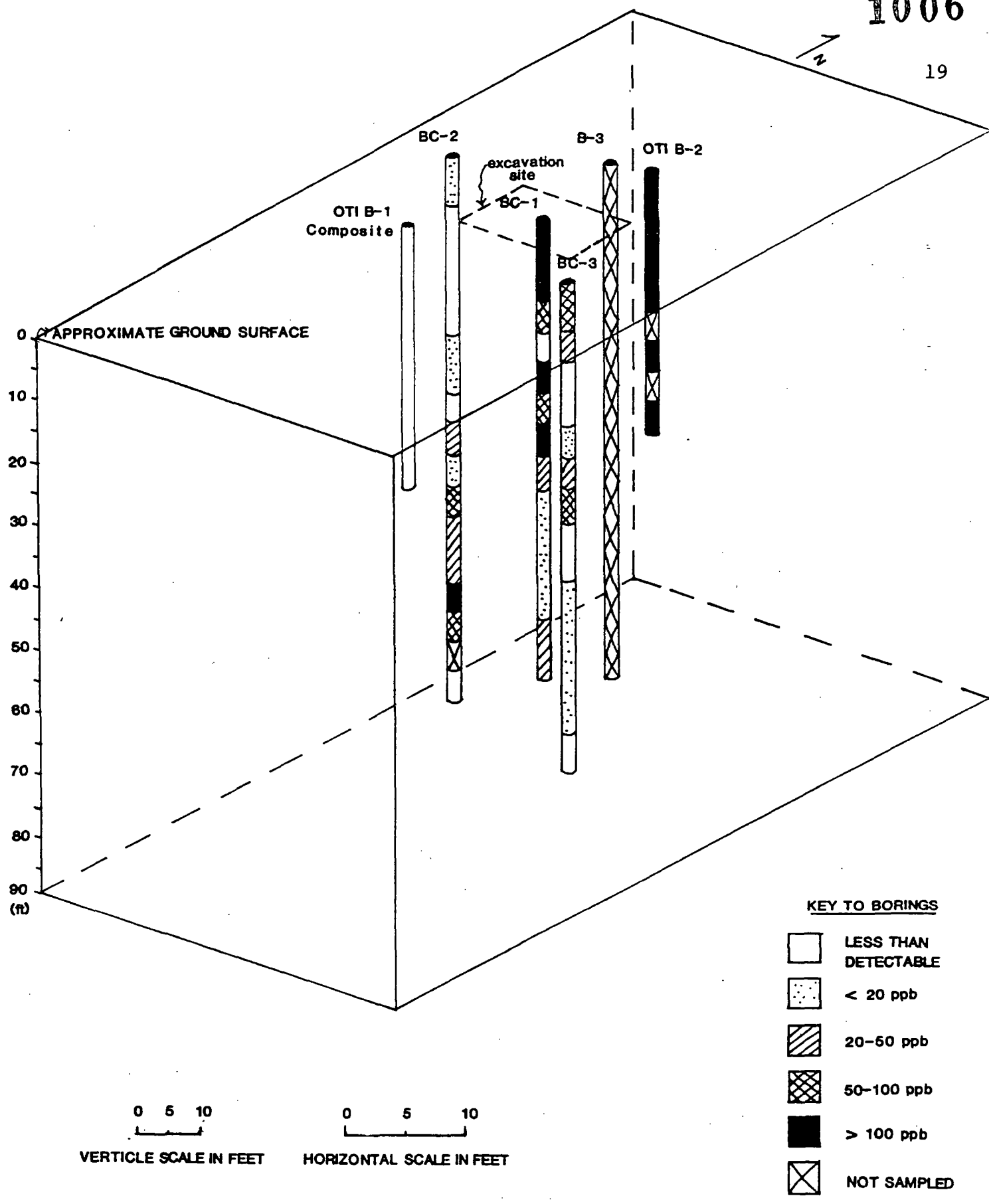


Figure 7 1,1,1 TCA Concentrations

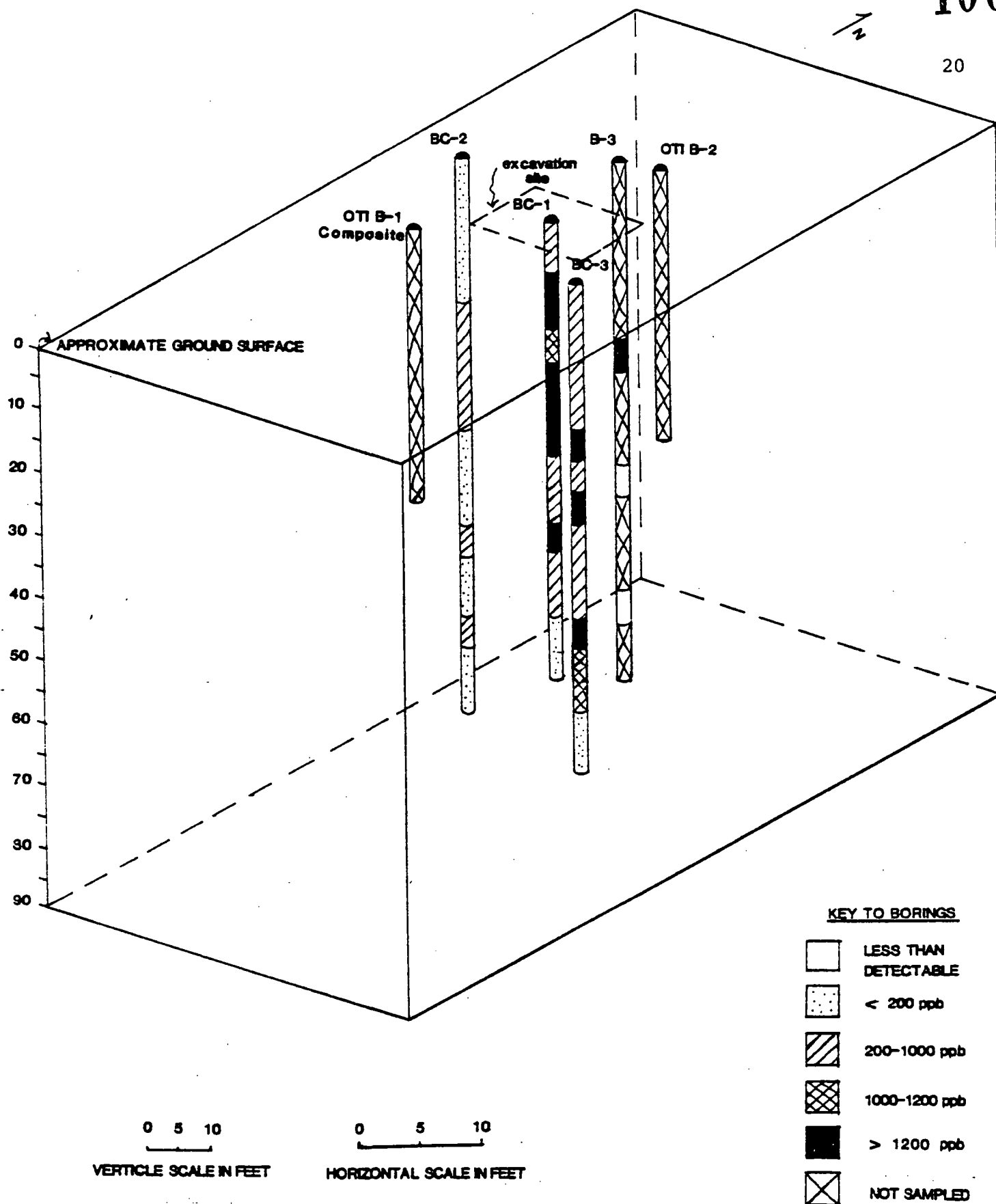


Figure 8 Total Organics Concentrations
(excluding 1,1,1 TCA and FUEL HYDROCARBONS)

included in Appendix D. To take this into account, Tables 2 through 4 have a column detailing total organics without freon being included.

Conclusions

1. Groundwater was not encountered at or above a depth of 85 feet during the field drilling. Based on nearby extraction well No. 4969B, the groundwater is approximately 170 feet below the surface.
2. Several organic constituents were found in all soil samples in the vicinity of the former tank. Most of these organics are commonly used in solvents. Hydrocarbons were found in some BC-1 soil samples. BC-2 and BC-3 soil samples were not analyzed for hydrocarbons.
3. Highest organic concentrations and 1,1,1 TCA were detected in boring BC-1 located through the tank excavation site down to 70 feet. Total organic concentrations were found at less than 200 ppb by the 75-foot level in all borings. 1,1,1 TCA concentrations remained in the 21 to 130 ppb range until 85 feet in BC-2.
4. The bulk 1,1,1 TCA concentrations appear to have principally spread in the upper 30 feet of the soils in BC borings. B-3 soil samples indicate total organics may not have reached lower depths in the southeast direction of the tank excavation.
5. As evidenced in the graphic representation of organic constituent distributions shown in Figures 7 and 8, the bulk of the chemical constituent plume appears to be in the 10 to 60 feet zone. Concentrations are decreasing at the bottom of the borings. It appears likely that the constituents may not have reached groundwater based on the decreasing concentrations found in the borings.

Recommendations

Based on the information developed during the site investigation and the information available from the previous reports, it is our recommendation that OTI consider the following options:

1. Excavation of "hot spot" soils immediately beneath the excavation site (estimated at 80 cubic yards (yd³) maximum). Backfilling the excavated area with high clay content fill and covering with a concrete slab to cap the site and create an impermeable barrier to minimize future infiltrations and resulting leaching of the chemical

constituents from the soils. A single vadose zone monitoring well should be installed in the center of the former excavation to monitor vapor levels.

2. Installation of deep well vacuum air pumps surrounding the contaminated area. These pumps would pull a vacuum on the absorbed organic constituents causing their volatilization in the soil and removal to the surface for release or treatment. This option may involve obtaining treatment permits and a probable health risk analysis study. The time frame for remediation may be several years.
3. In place treatment through biodegradation, oxidation or surfactant use. These treatment processes require the use of large amounts of water and are thus susceptible to vertical migration of liquids. Due to the probable depth of groundwater beneath the site, the addition of liquids could drive the contaminants deeper into the subsurface soils through leaching. These processes do not usually work well with chlorinated hydrocarbon contamination such as is present at this site. Degradation products can be as toxic or more so than the original constituents. Finally, these processes are not economically feasible for treating the approximate 80 yd³ of material that, in our opinion, is all that is necessary to treat. The time frame also could be a year or more for treatment.

We recommend option number one as the best alternative. In our opinion, it is the most effective in terms of all factors considered (including time, feasibility, apparent quantity of leakage, and depth to groundwater) and is just as effective as either of the other two alternatives in terms of remediation to protect the drinking waters and people of the State of California. Details of implementation of the recommended remedial action (Option 1) are presented in the following section.

Recommended Remedial Action Implementation

Prior to placement of any engineered fill in the tank excavation, the excavation should be cleaned of loose soil, and any cracked concrete/asphalt in the area should be removed. Any loose fill or contaminated soils below the concrete slab should also be removed and disposed of in an appropriate manner.

After removal of all loose and deleterious materials, the tank excavation and the area around it should be backfilled with clean, clayey engineered fill. The engineered fill should meet the following minimum requirements:

1. The clean fill material should be clayey in nature and should contain a minimum of 60 percent fraction passing the No. 200 sieve, and have a minimum plasticity index of 15.
2. All clean backfill should be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches in uncompacted thickness, moisture-conditioned as necessary, and compacted to a minimum of 90 percent relative compaction as determined by ASTM Test Method D1557-78.
3. Compaction testing for quality assurance should be performed by a certified soil testing laboratory in accordance with Item 2 above. Quality assurance tests should also be performed for fill material in accordance with Item 1 above.
4. After placement of clean engineered fill in the excavation and area around the excavation, the area should be paved with portland cement concrete.
5. All finished grades should be sloped away from the area to minimize ponding of water in the area of previous excavation.

In our opinion, the above remedial action would minimize the potential of further migration of organics in the subsoils or groundwater. The proposed concrete cover will restrict infiltration and thus prevent migration of organics to the groundwater. Also, as the source of the organics has been removed, no discharge of additional organics can occur. Finally, natural degradation of the existing organics will occur with time. The vadose zone monitoring well will allow future monitoring of the site.

Appendix A
**PREVIOUS ANALYTICAL
RESULTS**

ANALYTICAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

ATI I.D. 28301

1,1,1- TETRACHLOROETHANE
DATA SHEET

CLIENT : GREGG & ASSOCIATES

DATE RECEIVED : 10-9-85

DATE REPORTED : 10-17-85

PROJECT NO. : 85-154-001

SAMPLE MATRIX : SOIL

METHOD : EPA 8010

DATE ANALYZED : 10-16-85

UNITS : ug/Kg

ATI SAMPLE I.D.	CLIENT SAMPLE I.D.	TCA	SURROGATE RECOVERY %
5-10	B1 COMPOSITE	600.7	72.8
11	B2-5'	6200	92.7
12	B2-10'	12000	107
13	B2-15'	130	75.2
14	B2-20'	150	67.8
15	B2-30'	22000	*
16	B2-40'	150	56.1

* DIRECT INJECTION- NO SURROGATE ADDED.

Results of laboratory analyses performed on the soil samples collected from the two borings are tabulated below. The laboratory report from Analytical Technologies, Inc. is included in Appendix B. In the laboratory report, a typographic error was made. The report states that the soil samples were analyzed for 1,1,1 - Tetrachloroethane (TCA). Upon receiving those results Gregg & associates, Inc. questioned ATI and found that a typographic error had been made and in fact the soil samples were analyzed for 1,1,1 Trichloroethane as requested. At the time this report was compiled, the corrected laboratory results report was not available, but will be forwarded when possible.

TABLE 1

CONCENTRATION OF 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE
(PPM) → PPM

BORING	DEPTH (FEET)	
OTI-B-1	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40 (composite)	0.7
OTI-B-2	5	6200
	10	12000
	15	130
	20	150
	30	520,000
	40	150

BROWN AND SLOWELL



ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

RECEIVED
FEB 12 1988CH2M HILL
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA OFFICE

LOG NO: P86-02-030

Received: 03 FEB 86

Reported: 10 FEB 86

John S. Slegowski
CH2M HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: N20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-030-1	E-3-30	03 FEB 86
PARAMETER	02-030-1	
Oil & Grease by Infrared, mg/kg	170	
Isopropyl Alcohol, mg/kg	140	

LOG NO: P86-02-030

Received: 03 FEB 86

Reported: 10 FEB 86

John Dolegowski
CH2M.HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: N20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-030-1	B-3-30	03 FEB 86

PARAMETER

02-030-1

EPA Method 8010

Date Extracted	02/07/86
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3
1,1-Dichloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3
1,1-Dichloroethene, mg/kg	<0.3
1,2-Dichloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene, mg/kg	<0.3
1,2-Dichloropropane, mg/kg	<0.3
2-Chloroethylvinylether, mg/kg	<0.3
Bromodichloromethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Bromomethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Bromoform, mg/kg	<0.3
Chlorobenzene, mg/kg	<0.3
Carbon Tetrachloride, mg/kg	<0.3
Chloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Chloroform, mg/kg	<0.3
Chloromethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Dibromochloromethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Dichlorodifluoromethane, mg/kg	<0.3
Methylene chloride, mg/kg	<0.3
Tetrachloroethene, mg/kg	<0.3
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, mg/kg	<0.3

LOG NO: P86-02-030

Received: 03 FEB 86


Reported: 10 FEB 86

John Dolegowski
CH2M.HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: M20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-030-1	B-3-30	03 FEB 86
PARAMETER	02-030-1	
Trichloroethylene, mg/kg	<0.3	
Trichlorofluoromethane, mg/kg	<0.3	
Vinyl chloride, mg/kg	<0.3	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, mg/kg	<0.3	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, mg/kg	<0.3	
Other EPA Method 8010,	<0.3	
Acetone, mg/kg	140	


Edward Wilson, Laboratory Director

LOG NO: P86-02-037

Received: 03 FEB 86

Reported: 19 FEB 86

John Dolegowski
CH2M.HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: N20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-037-3	B-3-70	03 FEB 86
PARAMETER	02-037-3	
Oil & Grease by Infrared, mg/kg		<10
Purgeable Priority Pollutants		
Extraction	02/14/86	
Acrolein, mg/kg		<3
Acrylonitrile, mg/kg		<3
Other Purgeable Priority Pollutants,		<0.3

LOG NO: P86-02-037

Received: 03 FEB 86

Reported: 19 FEB 86

John Dolegowski
CH2M.HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: N20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-037-4	B-3-10	03 FEB 86
02-037-5	B-3-20	03 FEB 86
02-037-6	B-3-60	03 FEB 86
02-037-7	B-3-40	03 FEB 86

PARAMETER	02-037-4	02-037-5	02-037-6	02-037-7
Sample Held, Not Analyzed	HOLD	HOLD	HOLD	HOLD

LOG NO: P86-02-037

Received: 03 FEB 86

Reported: 19 FEB 86

John Dolegowski
CH2M.HILL
1301 Dove Street, Suite 800
Newport Beach, California 92660

Project: N20391.B0

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION , SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
02-037-2	B-3-80	
PARAMETER		02-037-2
Sample Held, Not Analyzed		HOLD

Edward Wilson, Laboratory Director

BROWN AND CALDWELL



ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

LOG NO: P86-09-546

Received: 26 SEP 86

Reported: 14 OCT 86

Gary Halbert
Harding Lawson Associates
15621 Redhill Ave., Suite 100
Tustin, California 92680

Project: 17876,001.11

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
09-546-1	S-1	26 SEP 86	
09-546-2	S-2	26 SEP 86	
PARAMETER		09-546-1	09-546-2
Purgeable Priority Pollutants			
Extraction		10/09/86	10/09/86
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, mg/kg		5	6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,1-Dichloroethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,1-Dichloroethylene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,2-Dichloroethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,2-Dichloropropane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
1,3-Dichloropropene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
2-Chloroethylvinylether, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Acrolein, mg/kg		<3	<3
Acrylonitrile, mg/kg		<3	<3
Bromodichloromethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Bromomethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Benzene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Chlorobenzene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Carbon Tetrachloride, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Chloroethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Bromoform, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Chloroform, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Chloromethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Dibromochloromethane, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Ethylbenzene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Methylene Chloride, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3
Tetrachloroethylene, mg/kg		<0.3	<0.3

LOG NO: P86-09-546

Received: 26 SEP 86

Reported: 14 OCT 86

Gary Halbert
Harding Lawson Associates
15621 Redhill Ave., Suite 100
Tustin, California 92680

Project: 17876,001.11

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 2

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
09-546-1	S-1	26 SEP 86
09-546-2	S-2	26 SEP 86

PARAMETER	09-546-1	09-546-2
Trichloroethylene, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
Trichlorofluoromethane, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
Toluene, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
Vinyl Chloride, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, mg/kg	<0.3	<0.3
Isopropyl Alcohol, mg/kg	<0.3	<6

Semi-Quantified Results **

A C3 Chlorinated Compound, mg/kg	8	10
----------------------------------	---	----

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.


Edward Wilson, Laboratory Director

Appendix B \

EXTRACTION WELLS SURROUNDING OTI

700240 100 REV. 05-1-66

SHEET 1

LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
HYDRAULIC DIVISION
WELL DATA

Owner: City of Burbank

Location and Description: 353N of & Lake St; 40' SE of &
Orange Grove Art; (Note: Market map of Burbank
Public Service Dept. shows 915 northerly of Orange
Grove & easterly of Lake)

Use: Municipal SupplyElev. of average gnd. at well: 559± U. S. G. S. DatumElev. of gnd. adjacent to well: 552.7 ± - 11-27-72 U. S. G. S. Datum

Water surface reference points:

(a) From 4-12-52 To 560.0' How det. Burbank
Levels
Description: Airgage @ base of pump

(b) From 11-27-72 To 561.1 How det. Owner
Description: Airgage, 6.4' above pump base &
3.4' above gnd. surface

(c) From To Elev. How det.
Description:

(d) From To Elev. How det.
Description:

Type of well: Size 20"Cased depth: 478' Soundings: Pumping equipment: Power used: Capacity: 1700 GPM Drawdown: 87'Date drilled: May 15, 1950 by James W. BusbyAquifer characteristics: Quality of water: Remarks: Airline length = 260' - 11-27-72

Well Number

15

Owner

D. V. E.

D. V. E.

R. C. 38827

LOG OF WELL NO. 3882 T

FROM	TO	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS	FROM	TO	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS
0	9	Sand & gravel 1" few boulders.	296	302	Dirty sand & gravel 1"
9	13	Clay black.	302	343	Clay yellow sticky.
13	36	Sand & gravel 3/4" few boulder.	343	357	Clay with gravel imbedded.
36	51	Clay yellow.	357	363	Sand & gravel 1/2"
51	54	Sandy black clay.	363	376	Clay yellow with gravel.
54	61	Clay yellow.	376	382	Sand & gravel dirty 3/4"
61	93	Sand & gravel boulders 1 ft.	382	389	Very sandy clay yellow.
93	106	Clay yellow.	389	394	Sand & gravel, sharp dirty 3/4"
106	141	Sand & gravel 3/4" streaks of yellow clay.	394	411	Sand & gravel, sharp dirty.
141	143	Clay yellow.	411	420	Sandy clay yellow with gravel.
143	146	Sand & gravel 1/2"			
146	151	Clay yellow.			
151	172	Sand & gravel 1/2" same to 2 1/2"			
172	184	Clay yellow streaks gravelly clay.			
184	197	Clay blue.			
197	201	Sand clay yellow.			
201	224	Clay yellow sticky.			
224	246	Gravelly yellow clay.			
246	249	Mucky sand & gravel streaks of yellow clay.			
249	271	Clay yellow streaks gravelly clay.			
271	278	Sand & gravel 3/4" tight dirty streaks clay yellow.			
278	288	Clay yellow streaks gravelly clay.			
288	291	Sand & gravel 3/4"			
291	296	Clay yellow.			

3 ft. cement plug in bottom.

Section B-B Spec. hyd. (1st) 9 holes per 14"; 2 ft 2 1/8;
 288-291, 298-304, 359-365; 377-381, 391-413;
 422-483 (2nd) 153-174; 9 holes per 12". Holes 1/2" x 3/8"
 Section C-C 61'
 Other level below post 44' 31' (2nd) other part 44' 32' (2nd)
 Section Log point - elev. 559.2

(over)

FW0048-106 - (1)db - 67

SHEET 1

LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
Water Conservation Division
WELL DATA

LOS ANGELES COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

Location and Description: *City of Burbank; in District Right of Way;
73' E. of S. Madani St. produced. Sa; 1052' S. of
of S. Tulare St.; 110' E. of E. G. gate; 7' NE
of Channel wall of Burbank Alameda Drainage Channel;
Groundwater Observation in dipperwell.*

Water storage gal. in well: *684[±]* U. S. G. S. Datum

Flow of gal. adjacent to well: U. S. G. S. Datum

Geographic reference points:

(a) From *20-72* To *Elev. 680.5'* How det. *?*
*Bottom: top of 2" pipe 0.5' below gal. surface
and top of 4" tubewell.*

(b) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

(c) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

(d) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

Size of well: *Battery drilled* in *2"*

Depth: *270'* Sounding: *264' - 7-2-72*
234' - 8-27-74

Flowing equipment: *NONE*

Flow rate: _____

Drawdown: _____

Date: *6-26-73* by *LACECD*

Location description: _____

Quality of water: _____

See Storm drain plan # 275-412-D3.14

Well Numbers

Owner

D.V.B.
M/H/W + 0376
D.V.B.
R.C. 49698

70W246 106 REV. ON 2-51

SHEET 1

LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
HYDRAULIC DIVISION
WELL DATA

Owner: City of BurbankLocation and Description: 100' S. E. of Van Owen St.
55' N. E. of Lima St.Use: Municipal Supply

Elev. of average grd. at well: _____ U. S. G. S. Datum

Elev. of grd. adjacent to well: 661 ± U. S. G. S. Datum

Water surface reference points:

(a) From 1-13-52 To _____ Elev. 661.75 How det. Owner
Description: Base of pump(b) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____(c) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____(d) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____Type of well: _____ Size 20"Original depth: 732' Soundings: _____

Pumping equipment: _____

Power used: _____

Capacity: 2740 GPM Draw: 36' Sp. yield 76Date drilled: Nov. 1949 By _____

Artesian characteristics: _____

Quality of water: _____

Remarks: Data by B.M. from owner 12-55
Water Works Div. of Burbank City, DWG. # CW-287, 1-10-53

Well Number

14

D. W. R.
11/14/51-902D. W. R.
Loc.

F.C. 3850.1

(over)

LOG OF WELL NO. 3850 J

FROM	TO	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS	FROM	TO	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS
0	1	top soil	602	610	clay, yellow, sandy
1	9	sand & small rocks	610	614	clay, yellow
9	11	clay, brown	614	620	sand - gravel
11	33	clay, sandy - rocks	620	642	clay, yellow
33	49	sand - rocks	642	648	sand, gravel - tan rock
49	69	sand - rocks to 6"	648	652	clay, yellow, soft
69	82	rocks	652	662	sand - gravel
82	112	gravel to 3"	662	668	clay, yellow
112	123	clay, sandy - rocks	668	674	cemented sand - gravel
123	202	gravel to 4"	674	696	clay, brown
202	215	sand - strips of clay	696	716	gravel (large), sand
215	218	sand, gravel - rocks to 6"	716	732	clay
218	248	gravel to 4"	Cement to 725.35'		
248	278	" " "			
278	285	clay, sandy			
285	300	clay, yellow, sandy			
300	359	" " "			
359	389	rocks to 6"			
389	394	gravel to 2"			
394	398	" " "			
398	408	clay, hard, yellow			
408	428	red gravel			
428	449	clay, sandy, yellow			
449	468	clay, hard, yellow			
468	477	clay, yellow			
477	483	clay, yellow - sand			
483	505	shy, yellow			
505	520	clay, yellow, hard			
520	525	clay, yellow			
525	539	gravel to 2"			
539	547	gravel to 2"			
547	571	clay, yellow, hard			
571	578	clay, yellow			
578	598	clay, yellow, hard			
598	602	clay, yellow, gravel imbedded			

Perforations 175-200, 218-280, 341-387, 409-429,
526-549, 606-623, 644-649, 656-664, 669-675,
696-706. 9 holes per 12".

Struck water at _____

Water level below part _____

after part _____

Remarks _____

(over)

FORM 600 1-6 REV. C-2 7-60

SHEET 1

LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
Water Conservation Division
WELL DATA

Owner: CITY OF BURBANK

Location and Description:

82' 30" at Van Owen Street;
80' W. of Lima Street

Use: Municipal Supply

Elev. of average gr. at well: _____ U. S. G. S. Datum

Elev. of gr. adjacent to well: 661 ±' U. S. G. S. Datum

Water surface reference points:

(a) From well-67 To _____ Elev. 661.8 How det. altim.
Description: Base of pump, 0.8' above Ave. gr.
Altogether

(b) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

(c) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

(d) From _____ To _____ Elev. _____ How det. _____
Description: _____

Type of well: _____ Size 20"Original depth: 580' Soundings: _____Pumping equipment: Winthorst

Power used: _____

Capacity: _____ Drawdown: _____

Date drilled: _____ By: _____

Artesian characteristics: _____

Quality of water: _____

Date from field: 8-9-67-BJM

Well Number

Direct
14AInch. 20" D.V.L.
78504

PAGE 1

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
GROUNDWATER DATA REPORTWELL NUMBER: 0552T DWR NUMBER: 1H/14W-14808
118 13 51.0 34 10 35.0
SAN FERNANDO VALLEY BASINDATE
86/10/08

LABORATORY NUMBER 52545
TIME OF SAMPLE
TEMPERATURE - FAHN
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE 370
PH 8.3
TDS (PPM) 230
TOTAL HARDNESS (PPM) 110
CALCIUM (PPM) 26.4
MAGNESIUM (PPM) 10.6
SODIUM (PPM) 33.5
POTASSIUM (PPM) 3.0
ALKALINITY (PPM) 120
SULFATE (PPM) 41
CHLORIDE (PPM) 21
FLUORIDE (PPM) 0.28
NITRITE-N (PPM) K0.02
NITRATE-N (PPM) K0.05
AMONIUM-N (PPM) K0.001
PHOSPHATE-P (PPM) K0.05
BORON (PPB) 140
IRON (PPB) 360
MANGANESE (PPB) K12
TOC (PPM) NA
ORGANIC-N (PPM) NA
BOD (PPM) NA
COD (PPM) NA

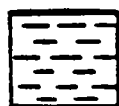
K = LESS THAN

NA = NOT ANALYZED

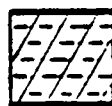
Appendix C
BORING LOGS

Key to Symbols

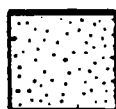
LITHOLOGY



SILT



SILTY CLAY



SAND



CLAYEY SILT



CLAY



GRAVELLY SAND



SILTY SAND



SANDY GRAVEL

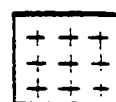


CLAYEY SAND



SANDY SILT

BORING ANNULUS



CEMENT

Project Name: OTI Project Number: 3526-01
 Soil Boring ☒ Monitoring Well ☐ Boring/Well Number: BC-1 Sheet 1 of 3

Boring Location: <u>Between BC-1 & BC-2</u>		Elevation and Datum: <u>NA</u>	
Drilling Contractor: <u>ABC Liovin</u>	Driller: <u>Doug</u>	Date Started: <u>10/26/87</u>	Date Finished: <u>10/26/87</u>
Drilling Equipment: <u>CME-75</u>	Borehole Diameter: <u>8"</u>	Completed Depth (feet): <u>75'</u>	Water Depth (feet): <u>NA</u>
Sampling Method: California Modified <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shelby Tube <input type="checkbox"/> Split Spoon <input type="checkbox"/>		WELL CONSTRUCTION	
Drilling Fluid: <u>None</u>		Type and Diameter of Well Casing: <u>NA</u>	
Backfill Material: <u>Cement</u>		Slot Size: <u>NA</u>	Filter Material: <u>NA</u>
Logged By: <u>L. Maserjian</u>	Checked By: <u>V. Bedi</u>	Development Method: <u>NA</u>	

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
5	SM	Asphaltic-concrete over reddish-brown, silty sand, dry, medium graded, some small pebbles, loose	4 5 5	1	+	+	+	44	Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
		Becoming gravelly, trace dense material			+	+	+		
10	SW	Reddish brown, sand, dry, well graded, fine to coarse grained, some pebbles, trace rocks, dense	12 15 16	2	+	+	+	73	
15		Increasing grain-size very coarse grained	10 15 16	3	+	+	+	115	
20			15 18 20	4	+	+	+	34	
25		Becoming very dense	12 25 28	5	+	+	+	147	
30	SM	Becomes silty sand, dry, fine grained, dense	13 25 28	6	+	+	+	325	

BORING LOG

1006

Project Name: OTI

Project Number: 3526-01

Soil Boring ☒Monitoring Well ☐

Boring/Well Number: BC-1

Sheet 2 of 3

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
		Trace clay, very silty fine-grained				++			Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
35			13 16 24	7		++		100	
	SP	Becoming sand, dry, coarse grained, trace silt, dense				++			
40			13 18 24	8		++		89	
	SM	Becoming silty sand, dry, medium grained, trace clay, dense				++			
45		Becoming medium dense	10 11 12	9		++		105	
50		Becoming very dense	17 25 42	10		++		157	
		Becoming very coarse-grained, trace gravel some pebbles, dense.				++			
55		Becoming dark reddish-brown, trace clay and pebbles.	12 16 23	11		++		71	
60			12 16 23	12		++		525	
65			12 16 23	13		++		105	
70		Becoming very coarse grained sand, very dense	16 23 37	14		++		99	

Brown and Caldwell

Project Name: OTI Project Number: 3526-01
 Soil Boring ☒ Monitoring Well ☐ Boring/Well Number: BC-1 Sheet 3 of 3

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
75		Increasing cobbles				+	+		Relative to 1,1,1, TCA 50 blows for 3-inches large cobble or boulder stuck in auger flights cannot turn augers all the way. Pulling out-very slow due to rocks.
		No recovery on 75' sample	50			+	+		
			3						

Brown and
Caldwell

BORING LOG

1006

Project Name: OTI

Project Number: 3526-01

Soil Boring ☒Monitoring Well ☐

Boring/Well Number: BC-2

Sheet 1 of 3

Boring Location: Southwest				Elevation and Datum: NA			
Drilling Contractor: ABC Liovin		Driller: Doug		Date Started: 10/26/87		Date Finished: 10/27/87	
Drilling Equipment: CME-75		Borehole Diameter: 8"		Completed Depth (feet): 85'		Water Depth (feet): NA	
Sampling Method: California Modified <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shelby Tube <input type="checkbox"/> Split Spoon <input type="checkbox"/>				WELL CONSTRUCTION			
Drilling Fluid: None				Type and Diameter of Well Casing: NA			
Backfill Material: Cement				Slot Size: NA		Filter Material: NA	
Logged By: L. Maserjian		Checked By: V. Bedi		Development Method: NA			

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
0	SM	Asphaltic concrete over brown, silty sand, dry, graded, medium, fine, some pebbles, loose			+	+			Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
5			2 4	1	+	+		2	
10	SW	Brown, sand, dry, well graded, coarse grained, some pebbles, dense	10 17	2	+	+		21	
	SM	Becoming silty sand, dry, well graded, fine-grained, dense			+	+			
15	SW	Becoming sandy, dry, coarse grained well graded, trace silt, some pebbles, medium dense.	6 11 16	3	+	+		8	
20		Trace rock fragments, dense	10 16 22	4	+	+		25	
25		Becoming very coarse-grained graded some rock fragments very dense	15 25 35	5	+	+		14	
		Increasing gravel			+	+			
30	SM	Becoming silty sand, dry, medium grained dense	15 25 27	6	+	+		26	
					+	+			

Drilling through
rocks/size?

BORING LOG

Project Name: OTI Project Number: 3526-01Soil Boring ☒ Monitoring Well ☐ Boring/Well Number: BC-2 Sheet 2 of 3

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
35		Becoming fine-grained, trace clay.	10 15 16	7		++		101	Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
40	SW	Becoming sand, dry, well graded, fine to medium, small amount of gravel and dark brown clayey silt lenses, dense	10 13 25	8		++		80	
45		Becoming med to coarse grained sands.	16 16 32	9		++		46	
50		Scattered brown 1/4" lenses, silt dry, low plasticity trace clay, very dense.	15 22 32	10		++		62	
55		Contains layers of both fine to medium and medium to coarse grained sands	21 31 33	11		++		105	
60	SM	Becoming darker brown clayey, silty sand, dry, low plasticity, dense	10 16 31	12		++		59	
65	SW	Sand, well graded, med. to coarse dry, with trace clayey silt, fine and gravel, dense	15 17 19	13		++		90	
		Increasing gravel content				++			
70		Very dense	12 42	14 12		++		58	Becomes very stiff, hard to drill.

BORING LOG

1006











Project Name: OTI

Project Number: 3526-01

Soil Boring ☒Monitoring Well ☐

Boring/Well Number: BC-2

Sheet 3 of 3

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
75	SM	Dark brown clayey, silty sand, dry	13	15		++			Sampler melted at tip
	SC	well graded, fine to coarse, with gravel, very dense, no odor.	40			++			
			4			++			
		Increasing rock fragments large rocks	28			++			
80			40			++			
			2			++			28 blows for 6 inches
						++			40 blows for 2 inches
						++			No recovery
85	GW	Becoming tan sandy gravel, dry, well graded, angular, little or no fines, no odor, some weathering, fragmented gravel, very dense	41	16		++			
		Bottom of Boring 85'	3			++			
90									
95									
100									
105									
110									

Brown and Caldwell



Brown and
Caldwell

BORING LOG

1006

Project Name: OTI Burbank

Project Number: 3526-01

Soil Boring ☒

Monitoring Well ☐

Boring/Well Number: BC-3

Sheet 1 of 3

Boring Location: S.E. edge of excavation area		Elevation and Datum: NA	
Drilling Contractor: ABC Liovin	Driller: Doug	Date Started: 10/27/87	Date Finished: 10/27/87
Drilling Equipment: CME-75	Borehole Diameter: 8"	Completed Depth (feet): 75'	Water Depth (feet): NA
Sampling Method: California Modified <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shelby Tube <input type="checkbox"/> Split Spoon <input type="checkbox"/>		WELL CONSTRUCTION	
Drilling Fluid: None		Type and Diameter of Well Casing: NA	
Backfill Material: Cemented		Slot Size: NA	Filter Material: NA
Logged By: Cheryl Lehr	Checked By: Vijay Bedi	Development Method: NA	

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
5	SM	2.5" asphaltic concrete over drk. brown silty sand, moist, fine grained, loose	2 2 4	1	+	+		.63	Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
10	SW	Tan to golden gravelly sand, well graded, damp, med. to coarse, dense	14 23 15	2	+	+		42	
15		Increasing gravel some large fragments, dry, med. dense	9 12 17	3	+	+		42	
20		Scattered small (< 1/8" thick) lenses of greenish gray clayey silt, dry, dense	14 15 17	4	+	+		42	
25		Becomes very dense	17 23 38	5	+	+		105	
30			18 26 33	6	+	+		84	

BORING LOG

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Project Name: OTI Project Number: 3526-01
 Soil Boring ☒ Monitoring Well ☐ Boring/Well Number: BC-3 Sheet 2 of 3

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
						++			Relative to 1,1,1, TCA
35	SM	Becoming brown clayey silty sand, dry, low plasticity, fine grained, very dense	17 40 5	7		++		73	
40	SW	Becoming tan sand, dry, well graded fine to med grained, no fine, dense, slight odor, trace gravel	12 23 25	8		++		103	
45	SM	Becoming tan silty sand, dry, fine grained, very dense.	10 31 45	9		++		31	
50	SW	Becoming tan sand, dry, well graded, med. to coarse grained, very dense	18 35 47	10		++		67	
55			18 41 45	11		++		38	
60	SM	Brown silty sand, dry, fine grained, slight gravel, medium dense.	7 10 17	12		++		19	
65		Becoming dense	9 17 21	13		++		29	
70			10 16 23	14		++		10	

Brown and Caldwell

1006

Depth (feet)	USC Soil Type	Description	Blow Counts	Sample No.	Graphic Log			PID/FID Readings OVA PPM	Remarks
					Lithology	Annulus	Casing		
75	SW	Increasing gravel content large fragments 2" dia. Becoming gravelly sands, dry, well graded, 2-4" gravels, very dense.	38 40	15 4		++ ++ ++ ++ ++		0	Relative to 1,1,1, TCA OVA reading taken from sand and large rocks, small sample. 0 on 10X scale sample spilled before could read in 1X scale stopped at 75'

Appendix D
**ANALYTICAL
RESULTS**

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

BC Log Number

P87-10-562

Client name <i>BC - Maserjian</i>				Job number <i>3526-01</i>		Analyses required											
Project name <i>OT1</i>						<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">EPA 8240 418.1</div> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Hazardous sample Special handling required</div> </div>											
Project manager <i>Steve Pratt</i>				Sampler(s) <i>L. Maserjian</i>													
Sample number	Date sampled	Time sampled	Type Composite or Grab	Sample description	Number of containers												Remarks
1	10/26	AM		BC-1-5	1	✓	✓										
2	"	"		BC-1-10	1	✓	✓										* QCL
3	"	"		BC-1-15	1	✓	✓										4 ppb detection
4	"	"		BC-1-20	1	✓	✓										limit for 8240
5	"	"		BC-1-25	1	✓	✓										50 ppb for 418.1
6	"	"		BC-1-30	1	✓	✓										
7	"	"		BC-1-35	1	✓	✓										QA/QC FORMS.
8	"	"		BC-1-40	1	✓	✓										REQUESTED
9	"	"		BC-1-45	1	✓	✓										Head space
10	"	"		BC-1-50	1	✓	✓										
11	"	"		BC-1-55	1	✓	✓										8240 must
12	"	"		BC-1-60	1	✓	✓										include acetone (also to 5-10ppb DL)
Signature					Company					Date		Time					
Relinquished by <i>Lisa A. Maserjian</i>					Brown + Caldwell Eng.					10/26/87		5:20					
Received by <i>Ron McKee</i>					B & C					10/26/87		5:20 PM					
Relinquished by																	
Received by																	
Relinquished by																	
Received by																	

BROWN AND CALDWELL Analytical Laboratories

- ☐ 1255 Powell Street, Emeryville, CA 94608 (415) 428-2300
- ☐ 373 South Fair Oaks Avenue, Pasadena, CA 91105 (213) 681-4655

Note: Samples are discarded 30 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made.

Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

1006

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

BC Log Number

187-10-562

Client name BC Engineering				Job number 3526-01		Analyses required										
Project name OTI						<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">EPA 8240 418.1</div> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Hazardous sample Special handling required</div> </div>										
Project manager Steve Pratt				Sampler(s) L. Hasegawa												
Sample number	Date sampled	Time sampled	Type Composite or Grab	Sample description	Number of containers											
13	10/26	AM		BC-1-65	1	✓	X									
14	"	"		BC-1-70	1	✓	X									
15	"	PM		BC 2-5	1	✓										4 ppb - PCL
16	"	PM		BC 2 10	1	✓										in 8240
17	"	"		BC 2 15	1	✓										
18	"	"		BC 2 20	1	✓										QA/QC FORMS
19	"	"		BC-2-25	1	✓										REQUESTED
20	"	"		BC-2-30	1	✓										
21	"	"		PC-2-35	1	✓										
22	"	"		PC-2-40	1	✓										
23	"	"		PC-2-50	1	✓										
24	"	"		PC-2-55	1	✓										

Signature		Company	Date	Time
Relinquished by <i>Lisa A. Hasegawa</i>		BC Engineering	10/26/87	5:20
Received by <i>John McKee</i>		B & C	10/26/87	5:20 AM
Relinquished by				
Received by				
Relinquished by				
Received by				

BROWN AND CALDWELL Analytical Laboratories

- ☐ 1255 Powell Street, Emeryville, CA 94608 (415) 428-2300
- ☐ 373 South Fair Oaks Avenue, Pasadena, CA 91105 (213) 681-4655

Note: Samples are discarded 30 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made.

Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

1006

BC Log Number

FD-10-562

BROWN AND CALDWELL Analytical Laboratories

- Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

BC Log Number

P87-10-559

Client name Brown and Caldwell				Job number 3526-01		Analyses required											
Project name OTI Burbank						<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">8240</div> <div style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Hazardous sample Special handling required</div> </div>											
Project manager Steve Pratt				Sampler(s) Cheryl Lehr													
Sample number	Date sampled	Time sampled	Type Composite or Grab	Sample description		Number of containers											
16	10/27		Soil	BC-2	85'	1	X										
						1	X										
						1	X										
1	10/27		Soil	BC-3	5'	1	X										PCL - 5ppb
2				BC-3	10'	1	X										for 8240 by head-space expand for acetone
3				BC-3	15'	1	X										QA/QC FORMS
4				BC-3	20'	1	X										REQUESTED after
5				BC-3	25'	1	X										Lab specifications.
6				BC-3	30'	1	X										
7				BC-3	35'	1	X										
8				BC-3	40'	1	X										
9				BC-3	45'	1	X										
Signature						Company						Date		Time			
Relinquished by Cheryl Lehr						Brown and Caldwell						10/27/87		6:30 PM			
Received by Ron McKee						B & C						10/27/87		6:30 PM			
Relinquished by																	
Received by																	
Relinquished by																	
Received by																	

BROWN AND CALDWELL Analytical Laboratories

- ☐ 1255 Powell Street, Emeryville, CA 94608 (415) 428-2300
☒ 373 South Fair Oaks Avenue, Pasadena, CA 91105 (213) 681-4655

Note: Samples are discarded 30 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made.

Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

1006

BC Log Number 487-10-581

BROWN AND CALDWELL Analytical Laboratories

Note: Samples are discarded 30 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made.

109

1-21-88



BROWN AND CALDWELL LABORATORIES

373 SOUTH FAIR OAKS AVENUE PASADENA, CA 91105 • (818) 795-7553 • FAX (818) 795-8579

ANALYTICAL REPORT

LOG NO: P87-10-562

Received: 26 OCT 87

Reported: 25 NOV 87

Steve Pratt
Brown and Caldwell
150 S. Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, California 91109

Project: 3526-01

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 1

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES					DATE SAMPLED
10-562-1	BC-1-5					26 OCT 87
10-562-2	BC-1-10					26 OCT 87
10-562-3	BC-1-15					26 OCT 87
10-562-4	BC-1-20					26 OCT 87
10-562-5	BC-1-25					26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-1	10-562-2	10-562-3	10-562-4	10-562-5	
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg	1000	870	1100	<5	113	



BROWN AND CALDWELL LABORATORIES

ANALYTICAL REPORT

373 SOUTH FAIR OAKS AVENUE PASADENA, CA 91105 • (818) 795-7553 • FAX (818) 795-8579

LOG NO: P87-10-562

Received: 26 OCT 87

Reported: 25 NOV 87

Steve Pratt
Brown and Caldwell
150 S. Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, California 91109

Project: 3526-01

REPORT OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Page 2

LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED				
10-562-1	BC-1-5	26 OCT 87				
10-562-2	BC-1-10	26 OCT 87				
10-562-3	BC-1-15	26 OCT 87				
10-562-4	BC-1-20	26 OCT 87				
10-562-5	BC-1-25	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-1	10-562-2	10-562-3	10-562-4	10-562-5	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)						
Extraction	11/06/87	11/07/87	11/07/87	11/11/87	11/07/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	1	1	5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	120	210	100	<5	200	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<250	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<250	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	



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Steve Pratt
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150 S. Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, California 91109

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10-562-1	BC-1-5	26 OCT 87				
10-562-2	BC-1-10	26 OCT 87				
10-562-3	BC-1-15	26 OCT 87				
10-562-4	BC-1-20	26 OCT 87				
10-562-5	BC-1-25	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-1	10-562-2	10-562-3	10-562-4	10-562-5	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	13	<25	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	5	70	30	<5	200	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Toluene, ug/kg	150	210	87	<5	540	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<25	
Semi-Quantified Results **						
A C4 Chlorinated Hydrocarbon, ug/kg	---	300	700	---	300	
A C6 H14 Hydrocarbon, ug/kg	70	---	---	---	---	
Acetone, ug/kg	100	50	80	<50	<250	
Dichloropropanoyl Chloride, ug/kg	400	1000	3000	---	3000	
Dioxane, ug/kg	---	---	---	200	---	
Freon 113, ug/kg	---	---	---	800	---	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES					DATE SAMPLED
10-562-6	BC-1-30					26 OCT 87
10-562-7	BC-1-35					26 OCT 87
10-562-8	BC-1-40					26 OCT 87
10-562-9	BC-1-45					26 OCT 87
10-562-10	BC-1-50					26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-6	10-562-7	10-562-8	10-562-9	10-562-10	
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg	2100	59	13	20	22	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES					DATE SAMPLED
10-562-6	BC-1-30					26 OCT 87
10-562-7	BC-1-35					26 OCT 87
10-562-8	BC-1-40					26 OCT 87
10-562-9	BC-1-45					26 OCT 87
10-562-10	BC-1-50					26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-6	10-562-7	10-562-8	10-562-9	10-562-10	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)						
Extraction	11/09/87	11/08/87	11/08/87	11/08/87	11/09/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	10	1	1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	59	160	30	11	8	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<50	52	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<50	5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<50	5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<500	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<500	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED				
10-562-6	BC-1-30	26 OCT 87				
10-562-7	BC-1-35	26 OCT 87				
10-562-8	BC-1-40	26 OCT 87				
10-562-9	BC-1-45	26 OCT 87				
10-562-10	BC-1-50	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-6	10-562-7	10-562-8	10-562-9	10-562-10	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<50	11	5	<5	<5	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	550	19	<5	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	5	<5	
Toluene, ug/kg	79	9	31	8	5	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<50	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **						
A C4 Chlorinated Hydrocarbon, ug/kg	3000	---	---	---	---	
Acetone, ug/kg	<500	300	80	<50	700	
Dichloropropanoyl Chloride, ug/kg	20,000	200	---	---	---	
Dioxolane, ug/kg	---	---	---	---	70	
Dioxane, ug/kg	500	1000	500	300	600	
Freon 113, ug/kg	---	---	---	---	40	
Methyl Butynol, ug/kg	---	---	---	100	---	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-11	BC-1-55	26 OCT 87
10-562-12	BC-1-60	26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-11	10-562-12
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg	<5	<5



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-11	BC-1-55	26 OCT 87	
10-562-12	BC-1-60	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER	10-562-11	10-562-12	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)			
Extraction	11/08/87	11/08/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	5	8	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	6	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	6	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	



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10-562-11	BC-1-55	26 OCT 87	
10-562-12	BC-1-60	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER		10-562-11	10-562-12
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg		<5	<5
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg		<5	<5
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg		5	<5
Toluene, ug/kg		12	18
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg		<5	<5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg		<5	<5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg		<5	<5
Semi-Quantified Results **			
Acetone, ug/kg		<50	<50
Dioxane, ug/kg		200	100
Methyl Butanol, ug/kg		---	80
Methyl Butynol, ug/kg		---	90

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES					DATE SAMPLED
10-562-15	BC-2-5					26 OCT 87
10-562-16	BC-2-10					26 OCT 87
10-562-17	BC-2-15					26 OCT 87
10-562-18	BC-2-20					26 OCT 87
10-562-19	BC-2-25					26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-15	10-562-16	10-562-17	10-562-18	10-562-19	
Vol. Pri. Poll. (EPA-8240)						
Extraction	11/09/87	11/09/87	11/09/87	11/09/87	11/09/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	8	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED				
10-562-15	BC-2-5	26 OCT 87				
10-562-16	BC-2-10	26 OCT 87				
10-562-17	BC-2-15	26 OCT 87				
10-562-18	BC-2-20	26 OCT 87				
10-562-19	BC-2-25	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-15	10-562-16	10-562-17	10-562-18	10-562-19	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Toluene, ug/kg	86	18	44	9	22	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **						
Acetone, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Dioxane, ug/kg	---	---	---	60	100	
Freon 113, ug/kg	70	100	---	70	100	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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10-562-20	BC-2-30	26 OCT 87				
10-562-21	BC-2-35	26 OCT 87				
10-562-22	BC-2-40	26 OCT 87				
10-562-23	BC-2-50	26 OCT 87				
10-562-24	BC-2-55	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-20	10-562-21	10-562-22	10-562-23	10-562-24	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)						
Extraction	11/09/87	11/08/87	11/11/87	11/08/87	11/08/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	13	15	<5	9	52	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	



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10-562-20	BC-2-30					26 OCT 87
10-562-21	BC-2-35					26 OCT 87
10-562-22	BC-2-40					26 OCT 87
10-562-23	BC-2-50					26 OCT 87
10-562-24	BC-2-55					26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-20	10-562-21	10-562-22	10-562-23	10-562-24	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<5	8	25	9	<5	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<5	6	<5	5	6	
Toluene, ug/kg	65	<5	6	18	46	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **						
Acetone, ug/kg	<50	<50	70	<50	<50	
Dioxane, ug/kg	400	700	300	100	---	
Freon 113, ug/kg	---	---	100	---	---	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-25	BC-2-60	26 OCT 87
10-562-26	BC-2-65	26 OCT 87
10-562-27	BC-2-70	26 OCT 87
10-562-28	BC-2-75	26 OCT 87
10-562-29	BC-2-45	26 OCT 87

PARAMETER	10-562-25	10-562-26	10-562-27	10-562-28	10-562-29
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)					
Extraction	11/08/87/1	11/08/87	11/08/87	11/08/87	11/08/87
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	1	1	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	23	21	130	83	33
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	6	<5	10	<5	<5
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	15	37	<5
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	7	11	<5
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	9	35	<5	<5
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	10
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5



BROWN AND CALDWELL LABORATORIES

ANALYTICAL REPORT

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LOG NO: P87-10-562

Received: 26 OCT 87

Reported: 25 NOV 87

Steve Pratt
Brown and Caldwell
150 S. Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, California 91109

Project: 3526-01

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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED				
10-562-25	BC-2-60	26 OCT 87				
10-562-26	BC-2-65	26 OCT 87				
10-562-27	BC-2-70	26 OCT 87				
10-562-28	BC-2-75	26 OCT 87				
10-562-29	BC-2-45	26 OCT 87				
PARAMETER	10-562-25	10-562-26	10-562-27	10-562-28	10-562-29	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	8	<5	<5	<5	12	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	7	<5	<5	8	<5	
Toluene, ug/kg	14	<5	<5	6	<5	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **						
Acetone, ug/kg	<50	<50	<50	70	<50	
Dioxane, ug/kg	200	---	---	---	100	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone, ug/kg	---	---	---	70	---	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-13	BC-1-65	26 OCT 87	
10-562-14	BC-1-70	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER	10-562-13	10-562-14	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)			
Extraction	11/08/87	11/08/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	27	22	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	8	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	15	7	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	6	<5	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-13	BC-1-65	26 OCT 87	
10-562-14	BC-1-70	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER	10-562-13	10-562-14	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<5	6	
Toluene, ug/kg	<5	30	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **			
Acetone, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Dioxane, ug/kg	50	---	
Isopentyl Alcohol, ug/kg	50	---	
** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.			
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg	<5	<5	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-30	BC-1-10 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87
10-562-31	BC-1-60 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-30	10-562-31
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg	750	<5



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-32	BC-1-10 BC/QC SPK	26 OCT 87
10-562-33	BC-1-60 BC/QC SPK	26 OCT 87
PARAMETER	10-562-32	10-562-33
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), Percent	86	83

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DATE SAMPLED

LOG NO SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, BLANK WATER SAMPLES

10-562-34 Reagent Blank

10-562-34

PARAMETER

Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), mg/kg <10



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, BLANK WATER SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-34	Reagent Blank	
PARAMETER	10-562-34	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)		
Extraction		11/08/87
Dilution Factor, Times 1		1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg		<5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg		<5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg		<5
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg		<5
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg		<5
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg		<5
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg		<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg		<5
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg		<5
Acrolein, ug/kg		<50
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg		<50
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg		<5
Bromomethane, ug/kg		<5
Benzene, ug/kg		<5
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg		<5
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg		<5
Chloroethane, ug/kg		<5
Bromoform, ug/kg		<5
Chloroform, ug/kg		<5
Chloromethane, ug/kg		<5
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg		<5
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg		<5
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg		12
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg		<5



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, BLANK WATER SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-34	Reagent Blank	
PARAMETER	10-562-34	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	16	
Toluene, ug/kg	<5	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, WATER SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-35	Laboratory Control Standard	
PARAMETER	10-562-35	
Petroleum Hydrocarbons, IR (EPA Method 418.1), Percent116		



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, WATER SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-35	Laboratory Control Standard	
PARAMETER	10-562-35	
1. Pri. Poll. (EPA-8240)		
Extraction	11/08/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, Percent	94	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, Percent	85	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, Percent	87	
1,1-Dichloroethane, Percent	92	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, Percent	100	
1,2-Dichloroethane, Percent	86	
1,2-Dichloropropane, Percent	99	
1,3-Dichloropropene, Percent	79	
1-Chloroethylvinylether, Percent	19	
Acrolein, Percent	101	
Acrylonitrile, Percent	125	
Bromodichloromethane, Percent	91	
Bromomethane, Percent	103	
Benzene, Percent	95	
Bromobenzene, Percent	104	
Carbon Tetrachloride, Percent	87	
Chloroethane, Percent	73	
Chloroform, Percent	75	
Chloroform, Percent	100	
Chloromethane, Percent	92	
Chloromethane, Percent	80	
Chlorobenzene, Percent	100	
Ethylene Chloride, Percent	80	
Tetrachloroethylene, Percent	104	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, WATER SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED
10-562-35	Laboratory Control Standard	
PARAMETER	10-562-35	
Trichloroethylene, Percent	104	
Trichlorofluoromethane, Percent	74	
Toluene, Percent	103	
Vinyl Chloride, Percent	91	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, Percent	9	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, Percent	86	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-38	BC-1-20 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87	
10-562-39	BC-1-70 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER	10-562-38	10-562-39	
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)			
Extraction	11/09/87	11/11/87	
Dilution Factor, Times 1	1	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,1-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
2-Chloroethylvinylether, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Acrolein, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Acrylonitrile, ug/kg	<50	<50	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromomethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Benzene, ug/kg	<5	7	
Chlorobenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Carbon Tetrachloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Bromoform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloroform, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Chloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Dibromochloromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Ethylbenzene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Methylene Chloride, ug/kg	<5	22	



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-38	BC-1-20 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87	
10-562-39	BC-1-70 BC/QC DUP	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER	10-562-38	10-562-39	
Tetrachloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Trichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Toluene, ug/kg	16	<5	
Vinyl Chloride, ug/kg	<5	<5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/kg	<5	<5	
Semi-Quantified Results **			
Acetone, ug/kg	<50	200	
Dioxane, ug/kg	100	---	
Freon 113, ug/kg	100	300	

** Quantification based upon comparison of total ion count of the compound with that of the nearest internal standard.



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LOG NO	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION, SOIL SAMPLES	DATE SAMPLED	
10-562-40	BC-1-20 BC/QC SPK	26 OCT 87	
10-562-41	BC-1-70 BC/QC SPK	26 OCT 87	
PARAMETER		10-562-40	10-562-41
Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)			
Extraction		11/11/87	11/11/87
Dilution Factor, Times 1		1	1
1,1-Dichloroethylene, Percent		95	106
Benzene, Percent		112	107
Chlorobenzene, Percent		126	117
Trichloroethylene, Percent		---	70
Toluene, Percent		118	105
Other Vol.Pri.Poll. (EPA-8240)		---	---

Amended Report, 12/04/87: Corrected sample I.D.
for P87-10-562-29.--DW

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]


Edward Wilson, Laboratory Director



BROWN AND CALDWELL LABORATORIES

373 SOUTH FAIR OAKS AVENUE PASADENA, CA 91105 • (818) 795-7553

January 21, 1988

Mr. Steve Pratt
Brown and Caldwell
150 South Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, California 91109

Dear Mr. Pratt:

Brown and Caldwell Laboratories is pleased to provide you with its full range of analytical services. Employing a thorough quality assurance/quality control program, the laboratory strives to produce for its clients the most accurate and precise results obtainable given the sample matrix.

In October and December of 1987, you submitted several soil samples to the laboratory for analysis of volatile organic compounds using EPA Method 8240. These samples were analyzed by us under our laboratory log numbers P87-10-562, P87-10-589 and P87-12-096. We understand that you are concerned about some of the volatile organic compounds that were reported to you as a result of these analyses. Specifically, you have expressed concern about the reported presence of Freon 113 and Dioxane in your soil samples.

Dioxane is rarely used in the laboratory. When it is used, it serves only as a reference material for analysis of that specific compound. As a result of Dioxane's infrequent use in the laboratory, it is unlikely that samples could become contaminated with this substance while on the laboratory premises. If samples were contaminated with Dioxane, the contaminant probably would have been introduced prior to our receipt of the samples.

Freon 113 is a solvent that is used regularly in the laboratory. Because of its frequent use, we take every precaution to guard against possible contamination of our client's samples with this substance. However, despite our best efforts, this solvent's use in the laboratory may result, on occasion, in sample contamination.

Since Freon 113 is a highly volatile solvent, its introduction as a contaminant is largely due to transmission of the substance through the air. If such contamination does occur, we expect to find the contaminant at levels less than five times the detection limit of the analysis. Many of the soil samples in question were shown to contain Freon 113 at levels that may indicate possible Freon 113 contamination. However, the high levels of Freon 113 that were reported in other samples could have been caused only by direct exposure to the substance. It is unlikely that direct exposure of the samples to Freon 113 occurred in the laboratory.

After a careful review of the raw data from the 8240 analyses, a Freon 113 calculation error, indicating that less was present than originally reported, was discovered for one of the samples on which client-requested quality control was run. This calculation error coupled with the risk of losing highly volatile compounds during sample preparation, could explain the variable results obtained from duplicate samples.

An amended report correcting the calculation error is being prepared for you.

We appreciate your interest in laboratory procedures and sources of contamination. Our laboratory expects to help you meet the needs of your clients with the fullest possible discussion of results. Please call us if you have any further questions.

Very truly yours,

BROWN AND CALDWELL



Audrey Morris-Seeley
Senior Chemist

AMS:jb

